SUBSIDIES

NEW AND FULL NOTIFICATION PURSUANT TO ARTICLE XVI:1 OF THE GATT 1994 AND ARTICLE 25 OF THE AGREEMENT ON SUBSIDIES AND COUNTERVAILING MEASURES

CHINA

The following communication, dated 27 October 2015, is being circulated at the request of the Delegation of China.

The following notification constitutes China's new and full notification of information on programmes granted or maintained at the central government level during the period from 2009 to 2014.

Insofar as the notification is a transparency-orientated obligation that, pursuant to Article 25.7 of the SCM Agreement, does not prejudge either the legal status of the notified programmes under GATT 1994 and the SCM Agreement, the effects under the SCM Agreement or the nature of the programmes themselves, China has included certain programmes in this notification which arguably are not (or are not always) subsidies or specific subsidies subject to the notification obligation within the meaning of the SCM Agreement.
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1 PREFERENTIAL TAX POLICIES FOR FOREIGN-INVESTED ENTERPRISES

1. Title of the subsidy programme

Preferential tax policies for foreign-invested enterprises.

2. Period covered by the notification

2009-2014.

3. Policy objective and/or purpose of the subsidy

To encourage foreign investment.

4. Background and authority for the subsidy

Ministry of Finance (MOF), State Administration of Taxation (SAT), Ministry of Commerce (MOFCOM).

5. Legislation under which it is granted

Income Tax Law of the People's Republic of China for Enterprises with Foreign Investment and Foreign Enterprises (1991);
State Council Circular Guo Fa No. 37 of 2000;
Law of the People's Republic of China on Enterprise Income Tax (2007);
Regulations for the Implementation of Law of the People's Republic of China on Enterprise Income Tax (2007);
State Council Circular Guo Fa No. 39 of 2007;
MOF Circular Cai Shui No. 1 of 2008.

6. Form of the subsidy

Preferential tax treatment.

7. To whom and how the subsidy is provided

Any enterprise with foreign investment of a production nature to operate for a period of no less than 10 years shall, from the year beginning to make profit, be exempted from the enterprise income tax in the first and second years and allowed a reduction by half in the third to the fifth years ("2 years of exemption and 3 years of reduction by half").

8. Subsidy per unit, or in cases where this is not possible, the total amount or the annual amount budgeted for that subsidy

Not available.

9. Duration of the subsidy and/or any other time-limits attached to it

Starting from 1 January 2008, enterprises registered before 16 March 2007 for their establishment which are eligible for the preferential treatment of "2 years of exemption and 3 years of reduction by half" may continue to enjoy the treatment till its expiration on them; among these enterprises, for those that have not started to enjoy the treatment due to the fact that they have not begun to make profit, the starting year for them to enjoy the treatment shall be 2008.

10. Statistical data permitting an assessment of the trade effects of a subsidy

Not available.
2 PREFERENTIAL TAX POLICIES FOR FOREIGN-INVESTED ENTERPRISES ENGAGED IN ENERGY, TRANSPORTATION INFRASTRUCTURE PROJECTS

1. Title of the subsidy programme

Preferential tax policies for foreign-invested enterprises engaged in energy, transportation infrastructure projects.

2. Period covered by the notification

2009-2014.

3. Policy objective and/or purpose of the subsidy

To encourage foreign investment in infrastructure construction.

4. Background and authority for the subsidy

MOF, SAT, MOFCOM.

5. Legislation under which it is granted

Income Tax Law of the People's Republic of China for Enterprises with Foreign Investment and Foreign Enterprises (1991);
State Council Circular Guo Fa No. 13 of 1999;
Law of the People's Republic of China on Enterprise Income Tax (2007);
Regulations for the Implementation of Law of the People's Republic of China on Enterprise Income Tax (2007);

6. Form of the subsidy

Preferential tax treatment.

7. To whom and how the subsidy is provided

Starting from 1 January 2008, foreign-invested enterprises engaged in energy and transportation infrastructure projects such as harbours and wharfs which were registered before 16 March 2007 for their establishment and eligible under this program for the 15% enterprise income tax rate were given a 5 year period to fulfil the transition from the tax rate of 15% to the statutory enterprise income tax rate of 25% as stipulated in Law of the People's Republic of China on Enterprise Income Tax (2007), i.e., the applicable enterprise income tax rate was 18% in 2008, 20% in 2009, 22% in 2010, 24% in 2011, and 25% in 2012.

8. Subsidy per unit, or in cases where this is not possible, the total amount or the annual amount budgeted for that subsidy

Not available.

9. Duration of the subsidy and/or any other time-limits attached to it

1 January 2008 to 2012

10. Statistical data permitting an assessment of the trade effects of a subsidy

Not available.
3 PREFERENTIAL TAX POLICIES FOR CHINESE-FOREIGN EQUITY JOINT VENTURES ENGAGED IN PORT AND DOCK CONSTRUCTION

1. Title of the subsidy programme

Preferential tax policies for Chinese-foreign equity joint ventures engaged in port and dock construction.

2. Period covered by the notification

2009-2014

3. Policy objective and/or purpose of the subsidy

To encourage foreign investment into infrastructure construction.

4. Background and authority for the subsidy

MOF, SAT, MOFCOM.

5. Legislation under which it is granted

Regulations for the Implementation of Law of the People's Republic of China on Enterprise Income Tax (2007);

6. Form of the subsidy

Preferential tax treatment.

7. To whom and how the subsidy is provided

For Chinese-foreign equity joint ventures engaged in port and dock construction:
1) Starting from 1 January 2008, enterprises registered before 16 March 2007 for their establishment were given a 5-year period to fulfil the transition from the tax rate of 15% to the new statutory tax rate of 25%, i.e., the applicable enterprise income tax rate was 18% in 2008, 20% in 2009, 22% in 2010, 24% in 2011, and 25% in 2012.
2) Enterprises with an operating period of no less than 15 years shall, starting from the year beginning to make profit, be exempted from the enterprise income tax in the first through the fifth years and allowed a tax reduction by half in the sixth through the tenth years ("5 years of exemption and 5 years of reduction by half").

8. Subsidy per unit, or in cases where this is not possible, the total amount or the annual amount budgeted for that subsidy

Not available.

9. Duration of the subsidy and/or any other time-limits attached to it

1) 1 January 2008 to 2012;
2) Enterprises eligible for the preferential treatment of "5 years of exemption and 5 years of reduction by half" may continue to enjoy the treatment till its expiration on them, among these enterprises, for those that have not started to enjoy the treatment due to the fact that they have not begun to make profit, the starting year for them to enjoy the treatment shall be 2008.

10. Statistical data permitting an assessment of the trade effects of a subsidy

Not available.
4 PREFERENTIAL TAX POLICIES FOR ENTERPRISES WITH FOREIGN INVESTMENT RECOGNIZED AS HIGH OR NEW TECHNOLOGY ENTERPRISES ESTABLISHED IN THE STATE HIGH OR NEW TECHNOLOGY INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT ZONES

1. Title of the subsidy programme

Preferential tax policies for enterprises with foreign investment recognized as high or new technology enterprises established in the State high or new technology industrial development zones.

2. Period covered by the notification

2009-2014

3. Policy objective and/or purpose of the subsidy

To encourage high and new technology industrial development and enhance the technology progress.

4. Background and authority for the subsidy

MOF, SAT, MOFCOM, Ministry of Science and Technology (MOST).

5. Legislation under which it is granted


6. Form of the subsidy

Preferential tax treatment.

7. To whom and how the subsidy is provided

For the enterprises with foreign investment recognized as high or new technology enterprises and established in the State high or new technology industrial development zones:

1) The enterprise income tax shall be levied at a reduced rate of 15%. Starting from 1 January 2008, enterprises registered before 16 March 2007 for their establishment were given a 5 year period to fulfil the transition from the tax rate of 15% to the new statutory tax rate of 25%, i.e., the applicable enterprise income tax rate was 18% in 2008, 20% in 2009, 22% in 2010, 24% in 2011, and 25% in 2012.

2) The Chinese-foreign equity joint ventures with an operation period of no less than 10 years shall, starting from the year beginning to make profit, be exempted from the enterprise income tax in the first and second years. Starting from 1 January 2008, enterprises registered before 16 March 2007 for their establishment which are eligible for the preferential treatment of 2 years of exemption from enterprise income tax may continue to enjoy the treatment till its expiration on them; among these enterprises, for those that have not started to enjoy the treatment due to the fact that they have not begun to make profit, the starting year for them to enjoy the treatment shall be 2008. Foreign-invested enterprises established in the high or new technology industrial development zones which are located in the Special Economic Zones and the economic and technological development zones shall be governed by the preferential tax policies concerning the Special Economic Zones and the economic and technological development zones.

8. Subsidy per unit, or in cases where this is not possible, the total amount or the annual amount budgeted for that subsidy

Not available.
9. **Duration of the subsidy and/or any other time-limits attached to it**

1) Starting from 1 January 2008, enterprises registered before 16 March 2007 for their establishment were given a 5 year period to fulfil the transition from the tax rate of 15% to the new statutory tax rate of 25%, i.e., the applicable enterprise income tax rate was 18% in 2008, 20% in 2009, 22% in 2010, 24% in 2011, and 25% in 2012.

2) Starting from 1 January 2008, enterprises registered before 16 March 2007 for their establishment which are eligible for the preferential treatment of 2 years of exemption from enterprise income tax may continue to enjoy the treatment till its expiration on them; among these enterprises, for those that have not started to enjoy the treatment due to the fact that they have not begun to make profit, the starting year for them to enjoy the treatment shall be 2008.

10. **Statistical data permitting an assessment of the trade effects of a subsidy**

Not available.

**5 PREFERENTIAL TAX POLICIES FOR ENTERPRISES RECOGNIZED AS HIGH OR NEW TECHNOLOGY ENTERPRISES ESTABLISHED IN THE STATE HIGH OR NEW TECHNOLOGY INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT ZONES**

1. **Title of the subsidy programme**

Preferential tax policies for enterprises recognized as high or new technology enterprises established in the State high or new technology industrial development zones.

2. **Period covered by the notification**

2009-2014

3. **Policy objective and/or purpose of the subsidy**

To encourage high and new technology industrial development and enhance the technology progress.

4. **Background and authority for the subsidy**

MOF, SAT, MOST.

5. **Legislation under which it is granted**

Provisional Regulations of the People's Republic of China on Enterprise Income Tax (1993);
Rules for the Implementation of the Provisional Regulations of the People's Republic of China on Enterprise Income Tax (1994);
MOF Circular Cai Shui Zi No.001 of 1994;
State Council Circular Guo Fa No. 6 of 2006;
MOF Circular Cai Shui No.88 of 2006;
Law of the People's Republic of China on Enterprise Income Tax (2007);
Regulations for the Implementation of Law of the People's Republic of China on Enterprise Income Tax (2007);

6. **Form of the subsidy**

Preferential tax treatment.

7. **To whom and how the subsidy is provided**

For the enterprises recognized as high or new technology enterprises and established in the State high or new technology industrial development zones:

1) The enterprise income tax shall be levied at a reduced rate of 15%.

2) The enterprise income tax shall, starting from the year beginning production (starting from the year beginning to make profit since 1 January 2006), be exempted in the first and second years.
8. **Subsidy per unit, or in cases where this is not possible, the total amount or the annual amount budgeted for that subsidy**

Not available.

9. **Duration of the subsidy and/or any other time-limits attached to it**

Starting from 1 January 2008, enterprises registered before 16 March 2007 for their establishment which are eligible for the preferential treatment of 2 years of exemption from enterprise income tax may continue to enjoy the treatment till its expiration on them; among these enterprises, for those that have not started to enjoy the treatment due to the fact that they have not begun to make profit, the starting year for them to enjoy the treatment shall be 2008.

10. **Statistical data permitting an assessment of the trade effects of a subsidy**

Not available.

### 6 PREFERENTIAL TAX POLICIES FOR HIGH OR NEW TECHNOLOGY ENTERPRISES

1. **Title of the subsidy programme**

Preferential tax policies for high or new technology enterprises.

2. **Period covered by the notification**

2009-2014

3. **Policy objective and/or purpose of the subsidy**

To encourage high and new technology industrial development and enhance the technology progress.

4. **Background and authority for the subsidy**

MOF, SAT, MOST.

5. **Legislation under which it is granted**


6. **Form of the subsidy**

Preferential tax treatment.

7. **To whom and how the subsidy is provided**

The enterprise income tax of the enterprises recognized as high or new technology enterprises shall be levied at a reduced rate of 15%.

8. **Subsidy per unit, or in cases where this is not possible, the total amount or the annual amount budgeted for that subsidy**

Not available.

9. **Duration of the subsidy and/or any other time-limits attached to it**

1 January 2008 to the present.
10. **Statistical data permitting an assessment of the trade effects of a subsidy**

Not available.

**7 PREFERENTIAL TAX POLICIES FOR ENTERPRISES WITH FOREIGN INVESTMENT ESTABLISHED IN SPECIAL ECONOMIC ZONES (EXCLUDING SHANGHAI PUDONG AREA)**

1. **Title of the subsidy programme**

Preferential tax policies for enterprises with foreign investment established in Special Economic Zones (excluding Shanghai Pudong area).

2. **Period covered by the notification**

2009-2014

3. **Policy objective and/or purpose of the subsidy**

To absorb foreign investment and expand the open-up policy and enhance development of the areas.

4. **Background and authority for the subsidy**

MOF, SAT, MOFCOM, MOST.

5. **Legislation under which it is granted**


6. **Form of the subsidy**

Preferential tax treatment.

7. **To whom and how the subsidy is provided**

1) Starting from 1 January 2008, the enterprises with foreign investment established in Shenzhen, Zhuhai, Shantou, Xiamen and Hainan Special Economic Zones and foreign enterprises which have establishments or places in these Special Economic Zones engaged in production or business operations which were registered before 16 March 2007 for their establishment were given a 5 year period to fulfil the transition from the tax rate of 15% to the new statutory tax rate of 25%, i.e., the applicable enterprise income tax rate was 18% in 2008, 20% in 2009, 22% in 2010, 24% in 2011, and 25% in 2012;
2) Starting from 1 January 2008, the income tax on enterprises with foreign investment of a production nature established in the old urban districts of cities where the above-mentioned zones are located and which are engaged in the following projects: (a) technology-intensive or knowledge-intensive projects, with major products listed in the "Catalogue of High and New Technology Products of China" promulgated by MOST and the sales revenue of these products of a year accounting for over 50% of the total annual sales revenue of the enterprise of that year; (b) projects with foreign investments of over US$30 million and having long periods for return on investment; and (c) energy resources, transportation and port construction projects, which were registered before 16 March 2007 for their establishment were given a 5 year period to fulfil the transition from the tax rate of 15% to the new statutory tax rate of 25%, i.e., the applicable
enterprise income tax rate was 18% in 2008, 20% in 2009, 22% in 2010, 24% in 2011, and 25% in 2012;
3) Enterprises with foreign investment established in the Hainan Special Economic Zones and engaged in infrastructure projects such as airports, harbours, docks, highways, railways, power stations, coal mines and water conservation projects, and enterprises with foreign investment engaged in the development of and operations in agriculture with an operation period of no less than fifteen years shall, starting from the year beginning to make profit, be exempted from enterprise income tax in the first year through the fifth years and allowed a tax reduction by half in the sixth year through the tenth year ("5 years of exemption and 5 years of reduction by half");
4) Gains obtained in the Special Economic Zones by enterprises registered after 1 January 2008 for their establishment in Shenzhen, Zhuhai, Shantou, Xiamen and Hainan Special Economic Zones and recognized as high or new technology enterprises shall, starting from the year receiving income from their operation or production, be exempted from enterprise income tax in the first and second years and allowed a tax reduction by half from the statutory rate of 25% in the third year through the fifth year.

8. **Subsidy per unit, or in cases where this is not possible, the total amount or the annual amount budgeted for that subsidy**

Not available.

9. **Duration of the subsidy and/or any other time-limits attached to it**

1)-2) 1 January 2008 to 2012;
3)-4) 1 January 2008 to the present.

10. **Statistical data permitting an assessment of the trade effects of a subsidy**

Not available.

**8 PREFERENTIAL TAX POLICIES FOR ENTERPRISES WITH FOREIGN INVESTMENT ESTABLISHED IN THE COSTAL ECONOMIC OPEN AREAS AND IN THE ECONOMIC AND TECHNOLOGICAL DEVELOPMENT ZONES**

1. **Title of the subsidy programme**

Preferential tax policies for enterprises with foreign investment established in the costal economic open areas and in the economic and technological development zones.

2. **Period covered by the notification**

2009-2014

3. **Policy objective and/or purpose of the subsidy**

To absorb foreign investment and expand the open-up policy and enhance development of the areas.

4. **Background and authority for the subsidy**

MOF, SAT, MOFCOM, MOST.

5. **Legislation under which it is granted**

Income Tax Law of the People's Republic of China for Enterprises with Foreign Investment and Foreign Enterprises (1991);
SAT Circular Guo Shui Fa No.139 of 1995;
SAT Circular Guo Shui Fa No.135 of 2003;
Law of the People's Republic of China on Enterprise Income Tax (2007);

6. **Form of the subsidy**

Preferential tax treatment.

7. **To whom and how the subsidy is provided**

1) The income tax on enterprises with foreign investment of a production nature established in the economic and technological development zones shall be levied at the reduced rate of 15%;
2) The income tax on the enterprises with foreign investment of a production nature established in the coastal economic open areas and in the old urban districts of cities where the economic and technological development zones are located and which are engaged in the following projects: (a) technology-intensive or knowledge-intensive projects, with major products listed in the "Catalogue of High and New Technology Products of China" promulgated by MOST and the sales revenue of these products of a year accounting for over 50% of the total annual sales revenue of the enterprise of that year; (b) projects with foreign investments of over US$30 million and having long periods for return on investment; and (c) energy resources, transportation and port construction projects, shall be levied at the reduced rate of 15%.

8. **Subsidy per unit, or in cases where this is not possible, the total amount or the annual amount budgeted for that subsidy**

Not available.

9. **Duration of the subsidy and/or any other time-limits attached to it**

Starting from 1 January 2008, enterprises registered before 16 March 2007 for their establishment and eligible under this program for the 15% enterprise income tax rate were given a 5 year period to fulfil the transition from the tax rate of 15% to the statutory enterprise income tax rate of 25%, i.e., the applicable enterprise income tax rate was 18% in 2008, 20% in 2009, 22% in 2010, 24% in 2011, and 25% in 2012.

10. **Statistical data permitting an assessment of the trade effects of a subsidy**

Not available.

### 9 PREFERENTIAL TAX POLICIES FOR ENTERPRISES WITH FOREIGN INVESTMENT ESTABLISHED IN PUDONG AREA OF SHANGHAI

1. **Title of the subsidy programme**

Preferential tax policies for enterprises with foreign investment established in Pudong area of Shanghai.

2. **Period covered by the notification**

2009-2014

3. **Policy objective and/or purpose of the subsidy**

To absorb foreign investment and expand the open-up policy and enhance development of the area.

4. **Background and authority for the subsidy**

MOF, SAT, MOFCOM.
5. **Legislation under which it is granted**

Income Tax Law of the People's Republic of China for Enterprises with Foreign Investment and Foreign Enterprises (1991);
Law of the People's Republic of China on Enterprise Income Tax (2007);
Regulations for the Implementation of Law of the People's Republic of China on Enterprise Income Tax (2007);
State Council Circular Guo Fa No.39 of 2007;

6. **Form of the subsidy**

Preferential tax treatment.

7. **To whom and how the subsidy is provided**

1) The income tax on enterprises with foreign investment of a production nature established in Pudong area of Shanghai as well as enterprises with foreign investment engaged in energy resources and transport construction projects such as airport, ports, railways, highways and power stations shall be levied at the reduced rate of 15%. Enterprises with foreign investment engaged in energy resources and transport construction projects such as airport, ports, railways, highways and power stations with an operation period of no less than 15 years shall, starting from the year beginning to make profit, be exempted in the first year through the fifth year and allowed a reduction by half in the sixth year through the tenth year ("5 years of exemption and 5 years of reduction by half");
2) Income obtained in Pudong area of Shanghai by enterprises registered on and after 1 January 2008 in Pudong area of Shanghai for their establishment which are recognized as high or new technology enterprises shall, starting from the year receiving income from their operation or production, be exempted from enterprise income tax in the first and second years and allowed a tax reduction by half from the statutory rate of 25% in the third year through the fifth year.

8. **Subsidy per unit, or in cases where this is not possible, the total amount or the annual amount budgeted for that subsidy**

Not available.

9. **Duration of the subsidy and/or any other time-limits attached to it**

1) Starting from 1 January 2008, enterprises registered before 16 March 2007 for their establishment and eligible under this program for the 15% enterprise income tax rate were given a 5 year period to fulfil the transition from the tax rate of 15% to the statutory enterprise income tax rate of 25%, i.e., the applicable enterprise income tax rate was 18% in 2008, 20% in 2009, 22% in 2010, 24% in 2011, and 25% in 2012; enterprises eligible for the preferential treatment of "5 years of exemption and 5 years of reduction by half" may continue to enjoy the treatment till its expiration on them, among these enterprises, for those that have not started to enjoy the treatment due to the fact that they have not begun to make profit, the starting year for them to enjoy the treatment shall be 2008;
2) 1 January 2008 to the present.

10. **Statistical data permitting an assessment of the trade effects of a subsidy**

Not available.

**10 PREFERENTIAL TAX POLICIES FOR ENTERPRISES WITH FOREIGN INVESTMENT ESTABLISHED IN THE THREE GORGES OF YANGTZE RIVER ECONOMIC ZONE**

1. **Title of the subsidy programme**

Preferential tax policies for enterprises with foreign investment established in the Three Gorges of Yangtze River Economic Zone.
2. **Period covered by the notification**

2009-2014

3. **Policy objective and/or purpose of the subsidy**

To absorb foreign investment and expand the open-up policy and enhance development of the areas.

4. **Background and authority for the subsidy**

MOF, SAT, MOFCOM.

5. **Legislation under which it is granted**

- Law of the People's Republic of China on Enterprise Income Tax (2007);
- Regulations for the Implementation of Law of the People's Republic of China on Enterprise Income Tax (2007);

6. **Form of the subsidy**

Preferential tax treatment.

7. **To whom and how the subsidy is provided**

1) The income tax on enterprises with foreign investment established in the Three Gorges of Yangtze River Economic Zone (note) which are engaged in energy resources, transportation, harbour and wharf projects or other projects encouraged by the State, shall be levied at the reduced rate of 15%;

2) Among enterprises with foreign investment of a production nature established in the old urban districts of the open cities along the Yangtze River etc, those engaged in technology-intensive or knowledge-intensive projects, or projects with foreign investments of over US$30 million and having long periods for return on investment, or energy resources, transportation and port construction projects shall be levied at the reduced rate of 15%.

*Note: The Three Gorges of Yangtze River Economic Zone refers to Yichang County, Zigui County and Xingshan County under the Yichang City of the Hubei Province, Badong County of the Enshi Tujia and Miao Autonomous Prefecture of Hubei Province, Wushan County, Wuxi County, Fengjie County, Yunyang County, Kai County and Zhong County under the Wanxian City of Sichuan Province, Shizhu County under the Qianjiang Prefecture, Fengdu County and Wulong County under the Fuling Prefecture of Sichuan Province, and Changshou County, Jiangbei County, Ba County and Jiangjin City under Chongqing City. Here the administrative division was that before the establishment of the Chongqing Municipality directly under the Central Government.*

8. **Subsidy per unit, or in cases where this is not possible, the total amount or the annual amount budgeted for that subsidy**

Not available.

9. **Duration of the subsidy and/or any other time-limits attached to it**

Starting from 1 January 2008, enterprises registered before 16 March 2007 for their establishment and eligible under this program for the 15% enterprise income tax rate were given a 5 year period to fulfil the transition from the tax rate of 15% to the statutory enterprise income tax rate of 25%, i.e., the applicable enterprise income tax rate was 18% in 2008, 20% in 2009, 22% in 2010, 24% in 2011, and 25% in 2012.

10. **Statistical data permitting an assessment of the trade effects of a subsidy**

Not available.
11 PREFERENTIAL TAX POLICIES IN THE WESTERN REGIONS

1. **Title of the subsidy programme**
   Preferential tax policies in the western regions.

2. **Period covered by the notification**
   2009-2014

3. **Policy objective and/or purpose of the subsidy**
   To accelerate the development of the western regions, expand the opening up, lessen the imbalance of economic development among different areas and accelerate the development of the regions.

4. **Background and authority for the subsidy**
   MOF, SAT, MOFCOM and other relevant authorities under the State Council.

5. **Legislation under which it is granted**
   State Council Circular Guo Fa No. 33 of 2000;
   General Office of State Council Circular Guo Ban Fa No. 73 of 2001;
   MOF Circular Cai Shui No. 202 of 2001;
   Law of the People's Republic of China on Enterprise Income Tax (2007);
   Regulations for the Implementation of Law of the People's Republic of China on Enterprise Income Tax (2007);
   State Council Circular Guo Fa No. 39 of 2007;
   MOF Circular Cai Shui No.1 of 2008;
   MOF GAC SAT Announcement No.43 of 2008;
   MOF Circular Cai Shui No.58 of 2011;
   MOF Circular Cai Shui No.4 of 2013.

6. **Form of the subsidy**
   Preferential tax treatment.

7. **To whom and how the subsidy is provided**
   1) The income tax on enterprises established in the western regions (note) which have the items included in the Catalogue of Encouraged Industries in Central and Western Regions as their major business with the income from that major business accounting for over 70% of total revenue of the current year shall be levied at the reduced rate of 15% from the year 2001 to 2020. Before the publication of the Catalogue of Encouraged Industries in Central and Western Regions, qualified enterprises refer to those that have items as their major business included in the Catalogue for the Guidance of Industrial Restructuring (2005 Version and 2011 Version), Catalogue for the Guidance of the Foreign Investment Industries and Catalogue for the Guidance of the Advantageous Industries in Central and Western Regions for Foreign Investment, with the income from that major business accounting for over 70% of total revenue of the current year.
   2) The domestic enterprises which are newly established in the western regions and engaged in business such as transportation, electric power, water conservancy, postal service, radio and television etc, whose revenue from those business accounts for over 70% of total revenue shall, starting from the year beginning production or operation, be exempted from the enterprise income tax in the first and second years and allowed a tax reduction by half in the third year through the fifth year. The foreign-invested enterprises of the same conditions as the above domestic ones and with an operation period of no less than 10 years shall, starting from the year beginning to make profit, enjoy the same preferential tax treatment as the above domestic enterprises.
   3) The imported equipments for self use within the total amount of the capital invested by domestic enterprises established in the western regions and engaged in the encouraged industries or by foreign-invested enterprises established in the western regions and engaged in the encouraged or advantageous industries are exempted from tariff from 2001 to the present and
import VAT from 2001 to 31 December 2008, except for those listed in the Catalogue for the imported products not subject to tax exemption in foreign invested projects or in the Catalogue for the imported products not subject to tax exemption in domestic invested projects.

(Note: The western regions refer to Chongqing Municipality, Sichuan Province, Guizhou Province, Yunnan Province, Tibet Autonomous Region, Shaanxi Province, Gansu Province, Ningxia Hui Autonomous Region, Qinghai Province, Xinjiang Production and Construction Corps, Xinjiang Uygur Autonomous Region, Inner Mongolia Autonomous Region, Guangxi Zhuang Autonomous Region. Starting from 1 January 2011, Hunan Xiangxi Tu jia-Miao Autonomous Prefecture, Hubei Enshi Tujia-Miao Autonomous Prefecture and Jilin Yanbian Korean Autonomous Prefecture may enjoy the tax policies for the western regions. Starting from 1 January 2012, Ganzhou began to enjoy the preferential policies for the Development of the Western Regions.)

8. **Subsidy per unit, or in cases where this is not possible, the total amount or the annual amount budgeted for that subsidy**

Not available.

9. **Duration of the subsidy and/or any other time-limits attached to it**

1) 2001 to 2020;
2) From 2001 to the end of 2011, of the enterprises newly established before 31 December 2010 which were engaged in business such as transportation, electric power, water conservancy, postal service and radio and television, those which had been examined and approved by tax authorities and are eligible for the preferential enterprise income tax treatment of "2 years of exemption and 3 years of reduction by half" may continue to enjoy the treatment till its expiration on them; those which were eligible for the original preferential tax treatment under the Policies for the Development of the Western Regions but had not yet completed the examination and approval procedures by tax authorities before 31 December 2010 due to the fact that they have not begun to make revenue or entered the year of making profit, may enjoy the treatment after fulfilling relevant procedures;
3) 2001 to the present.

10. **Statistical data permitting an assessment of the trade effects of a subsidy**

Not available.

12 **SPECIAL FISCAL FUND TO ALLEVIATE POVERTY**

1. **Title of the subsidy programme**
Special fiscal fund to alleviate poverty.

2. **Period covered by the notification**
2009-2014

3. **Policy objective and/or purpose of the subsidy**

To improve the production and living conditions and increase the income of the poverty stricken population, and to enhance the economic and social development of the poverty stricken areas.

4. **Background and authority for the subsidy**

MOF, Office of Poverty Alleviation under the State Council, National Development and Reform Commission (NDRC).

5. **Legislation under which it is granted**

MOF Circular Cai Nong No.412 of 2011.
6. **Form of the subsidy**

Financial appropriations.

7. **To whom and how the subsidy is provided**

The funds are appropriated to local governments for arrangement according to the allocation programmes which are formulated upon estimation by MOF and other authorities and approved by the Leading Group for Poverty Alleviation of the State Council. The fund will be granted to individuals or other organizations engaged in crop farming, breeding, handicraft making and other industry with distinctive characteristics in the poverty stricken areas, for the purpose of improving the basic production and living conditions in poverty-stricken rural areas, increasing the capabilities to get employed and make production of the rural population receiving the help for alleviating poverty, and helping alleviate their shortage of productive capital.

8. **Subsidy per unit, or in cases where this is not possible, the total amount or the annual amount budgeted for that subsidy**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>2009</th>
<th>2010</th>
<th>2011</th>
<th>2012</th>
<th>2013</th>
<th>2014</th>
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<td>27,200</td>
<td>33,205</td>
<td>39,400</td>
<td>43,287</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

Unit: million RMB

9. **Duration of the subsidy and/or any other time-limits attached to it**

1980 to the present.

10. **Statistical data permitting an assessment of the trade effects of a subsidy**

Not available.

**13 PREFERENTIAL TAX TREATMENT FOR PUBLIC INFRASTRUCTURE PROJECTS THAT ARE PARTICULARLY SUPPORTED BY THE STATE**

1. **Title of the subsidy programme**

Preferential tax treatment for public infrastructure projects that are particularly supported by the State.

2. **Period covered by the notification**

2009-2014

3. **Policy objective and/or purpose of the subsidy**

To promote the construction of infrastructure projects.

4. **Background and authority for the subsidy**

MOF, SAT.

5. **Legislation under which it is granted**

Law of the People's Republic of China on Enterprise Income Tax (2007);
Regulations for the Implementation of Law of the People's Republic of China on Enterprise Income Tax (2007);
MOF Circular Cai Shui No.46 of 2008;
MOF Circular Cai Shui No.10 of 2012.
6. **Form of the subsidy**

Preferential tax treatment.

7. **To whom and how the subsidy is provided**

Income derived by an enterprise from investment in and operation of public infrastructure projects such as harbours, wharves, airports, railways, highways, urban public transportation, electric power and water conservancy projects as specified in the Catalogue of Public Infrastructure Projects for Preferential Enterprise Income Tax Treatment shall, starting from the year receiving income from the projects' operation or production, be exempted from enterprise income tax in the first through the third years and allowed a tax reduction by half in the fourth year through the sixth year.

8. **Subsidy per unit, or in cases where this is not possible, the total amount or the annual amount budgeted for that subsidy**

Not available.

9. **Duration of the subsidy and/or any other time-limits attached to it**

1 January 2008 to the present.

10. **Statistical data permitting an assessment of the trade effects of a subsidy**

Not available.

**14 PREFERENTIAL TAX TREATMENT FOR PROJECTS FOR ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION, WATER AND ENERGY CONSERVATION**

1. **Title of the subsidy programme**

Preferential tax treatment for projects for environmental protection, water and energy conservation.

2. **Period covered by the notification**

2009-2014

3. **Policy objective and/or purpose of the subsidy**

To protect the environment and encourage the recycle of resources.

4. **Background and authority for the subsidy**

MOF, SAT.

5. **Legislation under which it is granted**

Law of the People's Republic of China on Enterprise Income Tax (2007);
Regulations for the Implementation of Law of the People's Republic of China on Enterprise Income Tax (2007);
MOF Circular Cai Shui No.48 of 2008;
MOF Circular Cai Shui No.10 of 2012.

6. **Form of the subsidy**

Preferential tax treatment.
7. **To whom and how the subsidy is provided**

1) Income derived by an enterprise from the qualified projects of environmental protection or energy and water conservation such as projects of public sewage treatment, public refuse treatment, comprehensive development and utilization of methane, technological upgrading for energy conservation and discharge reduction, and seawater desalination etc. shall, starting from the year receiving income from the projects' operation or production, be exempted from enterprise income tax in the first year through the third year and allowed a tax reduction by half in the fourth year through the sixth year;

2) Where an enterprise purchases and actually uses the equipment specially designed for environmental protection, energy and water conservation, safe production etc. as specified in the Catalogue of Special Environmental Protection Equipment for Preferential Enterprise Income Tax Treatment, the Catalogue of Special Energy and Water Conservation Equipment for Preferential Enterprise Income Tax Treatment and the Catalogue of Special Safe Production Equipment for Preferential Enterprise Income Tax Treatment, 10% of its investment in the special equipment may be credited against its tax payable for the current year, and any amount that is not credited in that year may be carried forward and credited in the following five tax years.

8. **Subsidy per unit, or in cases where this is not possible, the total amount or the annual amount budgeted for that subsidy**

Not available.

9. **Duration of the subsidy and/or any other time-limits attached to it**

1 January 2008 to the present.

10. **Statistical data permitting an assessment of the trade effects of a subsidy**

Not available.

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**15 PREFERENTIAL TAX TREATMENT FOR BUILDING MATERIALS PRODUCTS PRODUCED WITH INTEGRATED UTILIZATION OF RESOURCES**

1. **Title of the subsidy programme**

 Preferential tax treatment for building materials products produced with integrated utilization of resources.

2. **Period covered by the notification**

2009-2014

3. **Policy objective and/or purpose of the subsidy**

To encourage the integrated utilization of resources and protect the environment.

4. **Background and authority for the subsidy**

MOF, SAT.

5. **Legislation under which it is granted**

Law of the People's Republic of China on Enterprise Income Tax (2007);
Regulations for the Implementation of Law of the People's Republic of China on Enterprise Income Tax (2007);
MOF Circular Cai Shui No.47 of 2008.

6. **Form of the subsidy**

Preferential tax treatment.
7. **To whom and how the subsidy is provided**

If an enterprise uses the resources specified in the Catalogue of Comprehensive Use of Resources for Preferential Enterprise Income Tax Treatment as its main raw materials to manufacture products listed in the same Catalogue that meet relevant national and industrial standards, its income thus derived shall be included in the total taxable income of the enterprise at a reduced amount of 90%.

8. **Subsidy per unit, or in cases where this is not possible, the total amount or the annual amount budgeted for that subsidy**

Not available.

9. **Duration of the subsidy and/or any other time-limits attached to it**

1 January 2008 to the present.

10. **Statistical data permitting an assessment of the trade effects of a subsidy**

Not available.

### 16 PREFERENTIAL TAX TREATMENT FOR BUILDING MATERIALS PRODUCTS PRODUCED WITH INTEGRATED UTILIZATION OF RESOURCES

1. **Title of the subsidy programme**

Preferential tax treatment for building materials products produced with integrated utilization of resources.

2. **Period covered by the notification**

2009-2014

3. **Policy objective and/or purpose of the subsidy**

To encourage the integrated utilization of resources and protect the environment.

4. **Background and authority for the subsidy**

MOF, SAT.

5. **Legislation under which it is granted**

MOF Circular Cai Shui Zi No. 156 of 2008;
MOF Circular Cai Shui Zi No. 115 of 2011.

6. **Form of the subsidy**

Preferential tax treatment.

7. **To whom and how the subsidy is provided**

1) The VAT on recycled water, rubber powder which is made of junked tires entirely, retreads, special building materials products which contain no less than 30% waste residues in raw materials shall be exempted;
2) The VAT on building gravel aggregates which have building (structure) wastes and gangues as raw materials shall be exempted;
3) 50% of the VAT on some parts of new-type wall material products shall be refunded upon collection.
8. Subsidy per unit, or in cases where this is not possible, the total amount or the annual amount budgeted for that subsidy

Not available.

9. Duration of the subsidy and/or any other time-limits attached to it

1) 1 January 2009 to the present;
2) 1 August 2011 to the present;
3) 1 July 2008 to the present.

10. Statistical data permitting an assessment of the trade effects of a subsidy

Not available.

17 PREFERENTIAL TAX TREATMENT FOR PRODUCTS PRODUCED WITH INTEGRATED UTILIZATION OF RESOURCES

1. Title of the subsidy programme

Preferential tax treatment for products produced with integrated utilization of resources.

2. Period covered by the notification

2009-2014

3. Policy objective and/or purpose of the subsidy

To encourage integrated utilization of resources and protect the environment.

4. Background and authority for the subsidy

MOF, SAT.

5. Legislation under which it is granted

MOF Circular Cai Shui No. 156 of 2008;
MOF Circular Cai Shui No. 56 of 2008;
MOF Circular Cai Shui No. 163 of 2009;
MOF Circular Cai Shui No. 115 of 2011.

6. Form of the subsidy

Preferential tax treatment.

7. To whom and how the subsidy is provided

1) The VAT on high-purity carbon dioxide products which are made from industrial waste gases, electricity or heat generated from wastes (including biogas from waste fermentation), shale oils which are made from oil shale as a kind of waste associated with coal mining, recycled asphalt concrete which are made from waste asphalt concrete, cement (including cement clinker) which are made by rotary kiln process or cement made by grinding purchased cement clinker shall be fully refunded upon collection;
2) The VAT on electricity and heat generated from waste heat or excess pressure associated with industrial production; electricity, heat and fuels made from raw materials such as kitchen wastes, livestock excrements, rice husk, peanut hull, corncob, oil-tea camellia shell, cottonseed hull, three remains, shoddy and little fuelwood, oily sewage, organic wastewater, sludge from wastewater treatment, oily sludge (dross) from oil field production as well as the biogas from the fermentation of the above items; dry sludge and fuels made from the sludge associated with sewage treatment; feed-grade mixed oil made from waste animal oil and vegetable oil; industrial oils such as lubricant base oil, gasoline and diesel which are made from reclaimed used mineral oils; emulsified oil
blender, waterproof roll and other accessories made from the oily sludge (dross) associated with oil field production; and wigs made from human hair shall be fully refunded upon collection; 3) The VAT on nitro-cotton powder coating made from retired military propellant; by products from desulfuration of exhaust gas and high-sulfur natural gas associated with coal-fired power plants and various industrial plants; steam, activated carbon, white carbon black, lactic acid, calcium lactate and biogas which are made from waste distiller grains and waste brewing water; electricity and heat generated from gangue, coal slime, stone coal and oil shale; and electricity generated from wind power shall be refunded by 50% upon collection;
4) The VAT on aluminium oxide and active calcium silicate which are made from coal ash and gangue; microbial proteins made from sludge; porcelain insulator and calcined kaolin made from gangue; gold, silver, palladium, rhodium, copper, lead, mercury, tin, bismuth, tellurium, indium, selenium and platinum group metals made from waste batteries, waste photosensitive materials, waste colour developing solutions, dead catalysts, waste bulbs (tubes), electrolyzed wastes, electroplated wastes, waste circuit boards, resin wastes, smoke-dust, wet mud, smelted residues, river bottom sludge, waste motors and scraped cars; gasoline, diesel, waste plastic (rubber) oil, petroleum coke, carbon black, recycled pulp, aluminate powder, modified materials special for automobiles, modified materials special for motorcycles, modified materials special for household electronic appliance, modified materials special for pipes and tubes, recycled polyester materials special for chemical fibre (containing less than 0.5mg/g impurities and less than 1% water), recycled polyethylene terephthalate (PET) resin special for bottles (of which the mass fraction of acetaldehyde is equal to or less than 1ug/g) and recycled plastic products; fibre yarn, weaving cotton, non-woven fabrics, felts, adhesives and recycled polyester products which are made from waste natural fibre, chemical fibre and their products; and graphite alien pieces, graphite blocks, graphite powder and graphite carburant which are made from waste graphite shall be refunded by 50% upon collection; 5) The VAT on comprehensive use of bio-diesels shall be refunded after collection. 6) The VAT on organic fertilizers shall be exempted.

8. Subsidy per unit, or in cases where this is not possible, the total amount or the annual amount budgeted for that subsidy

Not available.

9. Duration of the subsidy and/or any other time-limits attached to it

1) and 3) 1 July 2008 to the present; 2) and 4) 1 August 2011 to the present; 5) 1 July 2008 to the present; 6) 1 June 2008 to the present.

10. Statistical data permitting an assessment of the trade effects of a subsidy

Not available.

18 PREFERENTIAL VAT ON COMPREHENSIVELY UTILIZED PRODUCTS WITH AGRICULTURAL SURPLUS AND FORESTRY RESIDUES AS RAW MATERIALS

1. Title of the subsidy programme

Preferential VAT on comprehensively utilized products with agricultural surplus and forestry residues as raw materials.

2. Period covered by the notification

2009-2014

3. Policy objective and/or purpose of the subsidy

To promoting integrated utilization of resources and protect environment.
4. **Background and authority for the subsidy**

MOF, SAT.

5. **Legislation under which it is granted**

MOF Circular Cai Shui No. 148 of 2009;  
MOF Circular Cai Shui No. 114 of 2010;  
MOF Circular Cai Shui No. 115 of 2011.

6. **Form of the subsidy**

Preferential tax treatment.

7. **To whom and how the subsidy is provided**

1) The VAT on wood (bamboo, straw crops) fibreboard, wood (bamboo, straw crops) shaving board, blockboard, active carbon, tannin extract, hydrolytic alcohol and carbon rod which are made from raw materials such as the three remains, shoddy and little fuelwood, and crop straws; and cardboard paper made from salix mongolica; shall be refunded upon collection (The tax refund proportion was 100% in 2009, and 80% from 2010 to the present);  
2) The VAT on bagasse pulp, bagasse particle board, and various kinds of paper products which are made from bagasse shall be refunded upon collection. (The tax refund proportion was 100% in 2009, 80% in 2010, and 50% from 2011 to the present.)

8. **Subsidy per unit, or in cases where this is not possible, the total amount or the annual amount budgeted for that subsidy**

Not available.

9. **Duration of the subsidy and/or any other time-limits attached to it**

2009 to the present.

10. **Statistical data permitting an assessment of the trade effects of a subsidy**

Not available.

**19 PREFERENTIAL CONSUMPTION TAX ON COMPREHENSIVELY UTILIZED AND PRODUCED PETROLEUM PRODUCTS**

1. **Title of the subsidy programme**

Preferential consumption tax on comprehensively utilized and produced petroleum products.

2. **Period covered by the notification**

2009-2014

3. **Policy objective and/or purpose of the subsidy**

To promote integrated utilization of resources and protect environment.

4. **Background and authority for the subsidy**

MOF, SAT.

5. **Legislation under which it is granted**

MOF Circular Cai Shui No. 118 of 2010;  
MOF Circular Cai Guan Shui No. 79 of 2013;  
MOF Circular Cai Shui No. 105 of 2013.
6. **Form of the subsidy**

Preferential tax treatment.

7. **To whom and how the subsidy is provided**

1) The consumption tax on the pure biodiesel produced in accordance with the national standard of Biodiesel Blend Stock (BD100) for Diesel Engine Fuels and from raw materials of which the amount of the waste animal oil and vegetable oil is no less than 70% shall be exempted;
2) The consumption tax on the imported biodiesel and biodiesel blend meeting the national standard of Biodiesel Blend Stock (BD100) for Diesel Engine Fuels shall be exempted;
3) The consumption tax on industrial oils such as lubricant base oil, gasoline and diesel which are made from reclaimed used mineral oils shall be exempted.

8. **Subsidy per unit, or in cases where this is not possible, the total amount or the annual amount budgeted for that subsidy**

Not available.

9. **Duration of the subsidy and/or any other time-limits attached to it**

1 January 2009 to the present.

10. **Statistical data permitting an assessment of the trade effects of a subsidy**

Not available.

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**20 PREFERENTIAL VAT ON ELECTRICAL PRODUCTS PRODUCED BY PHOTOVOLTAIC-GENERATED POWER**

1. **Title of the subsidy programme**

Preferential VAT on electrical products produced by photovoltaic-generated power.

2. **Period covered by the notification**

2009-2014

3. **Policy objective and/or purpose of the subsidy**

To encourage the use of solar energy to generate electricity and protect environment.

4. **Background and authority for the subsidy**

MOF, SAT.

5. **Legislation under which it is granted**

MOF Circular Cai Shui No. 66 of 2013.

6. **Form of the subsidy**

Preferential tax treatment.

7. **To whom and how the subsidy is provided**

50% of the VAT on the electrical products produced by solar energy shall be refunded upon collection.
8. **Subsidy per unit, or in cases where this is not possible, the total amount or the annual amount budgeted for that subsidy**

Not available.

9. **Duration of the subsidy and/or any other time-limits attached to it**

1 October 2013 to 31 December 2015.

10. **Statistical data permitting an assessment of the trade effects of a subsidy**

Not available.

### 21 PREFERENTIAL VAT ON HYDROPOWER PRODUCTS

1. **Title of the subsidy programme**

Preferential VAT on hydropower products.

2. **Period covered by the notification**

2009-2014

3. **Policy objective and/or purpose of the subsidy**

To encourage the use of clean energy to generate electricity and protect environment.

4. **Background and authority for the subsidy**

MOF, SAT.

5. **Legislation under which it is granted**

MOF Circular Cai Shui No. 10 of 2014.

6. **Form of the subsidy**

 Preferential tax treatment.

7. **To whom and how the subsidy is provided**

For hydroelectric power stations with installed capacity exceeding one million KW (including pumped-storage power stations) selling self-produced electrical power products:

1) The portion in the actual VAT tax burden that exceeds 8% shall be refunded upon collection from 1 January 2013 to 31 December 2015;

2) The portion in the actual VAT tax burden that exceeds 12% shall be refunded upon collection from 1 January 2016 to 31 December 2017%.

8. **Subsidy per unit, or in cases where this is not possible, the total amount or the annual amount budgeted for that subsidy**

Not available.

9. **Duration of the subsidy and/or any other time-limits attached to it**

From 1 January 2013 to 31 December 2017.

10. **Statistical data permitting an assessment of the trade effects of a subsidy**

Not available.
22 PREFERENTIAL TAX TREATMENT FOR ENERGY-SAVING AND NEW ENERGY VEHICLES AND VESSELS

1. Title of the subsidy programme
Preferential tax treatment for energy-saving and new energy vehicles and vessels.

2. Period covered by the notification
2009-2014

3. Policy objective and/or purpose of the subsidy
To promote utilization of energy-saving and new energy products and protect environment.

4. Background and authority for the subsidy
MOF, SAT, MIIT.

5. Legislation under which it is granted
MOF, SAT and MIIT Announcement No. 53 of 2014; Vehicle and Vessel Tax Law; Interim Regulation of the Vehicle and Vessel Tax Law.

6. Form of the subsidy
Preferential tax treatment.

7. To whom and how the subsidy is provided
1) The vehicle and vessel tax on the energy-saving vehicles and vessels conform to the standards shall be allowed a reduction by half;
2) The vehicle and vessel tax on the new energy vehicles and vessels conform to the standards shall be exempted;
3) The vehicle purchase tax on the new energy vehicles that are listed in the Catalogue of the Models of New Energy Vehicles Exempted from Vehicle Purchase Tax shall be exempted.

8. Subsidy per unit, or in cases where this is not possible, the total amount or the annual amount budgeted for that subsidy
Not available.

9. Duration of the subsidy and/or any other time-limits attached to it
1)-2) From 1 January 2012 to the present;
3) From 1 September 2014 to 31 December 2017.

10. Statistical data permitting an assessment of the trade effects of a subsidy
Not available.

23 PREFERENTIAL TAX TREATMENT FOR THE PUBLIC BUSES AND TROLLEYBUSES PURCHASED BY URBAN PUBLIC TRANSPORTATION ENTERPRISES

1. Title of the subsidy programme
Preferential tax treatment for the public buses and trolleybuses purchased by urban public transportation enterprises.
2. **Period covered by the notification**

2009-2014

3. **Policy objective and/or purpose of the subsidy**

To alleviate the burden of urban public transportation enterprises, and promote the healthy and stable development of road transportation industry.

4. **Background and authority for the subsidy**

MOF, SAT.

5. **Legislation under which it is granted**

MOF Circular Cai Shui No. 51 of 2012.

6. **Form of the subsidy**

Preferential tax treatment.

7. **To whom and how the subsidy is provided**

The vehicle purchase tax on the public buses and trolleybuses purchased by urban public transportation enterprises shall be exempted.

8. **Subsidy per unit, or in cases where this is not possible, the total amount or the annual amount budgeted for that subsidy**

Not available.

9. **Duration of the subsidy and/or any other time-limits attached to it**

From 1 January 2012 to 31 December 2015.

10. **Statistical data permitting an assessment of the trade effects of a subsidy**

Not available.

### 24. PREFERENTIAL VEHICLE PURCHASE TAX ON LOW-EMISSION CARS

1. **Title of the subsidy programme**

Preferential vehicle purchase tax on low-emission cars.

2. **Period covered by the notification**

2009-2014

3. **Policy objective and/or purpose of the subsidy**

To promote energy-saving and environmental protection.

4. **Background and authority for the subsidy**

MOF, SAT.

5. **Legislation under which it is granted**

MOF Circular Cai Shui No. 12 of 2009;
MOF Circular Cai Shui No. 154 of 2009.
6. **Form of the subsidy**

Preferential tax treatment.

7. **To whom and how the subsidy is provided**

For purchased passenger cars with an engine capacity of no more than 1.6 litres:
1) The vehicle purchase tax shall be levied at a reduced rate of 5%;
2) The vehicle purchase tax shall be levied at a reduced rate of 7.5%.

8. **Subsidy per unit, or in cases where this is not possible, the total amount or the annual amount budgeted for that subsidy**

Not available.

9. **Duration of the subsidy and/or any other time-limits attached to it**

1) 20 January to 31 December 2009;
2) 1 January to 31 December 2010.

10. **Statistical data permitting an assessment of the trade effects of a subsidy**

Not available.

**25 SPECIAL FUND FOR THE INDUSTRIALIZATION OF WIND POWER EQUIPMENT**

1. **Title of the subsidy programme**

Special fund for the industrialization of wind power equipment.

2. **Period covered by the notification**

2009-2014

3. **Policy objective and/or purpose of the subsidy**

To promote the research and development of wind power industry and use of renewable energy.

4. **Background and authority for the subsidy**

MOF.

5. **Legislation under which it is granted**

MOF Circular Cai Jian No.476 of 2008;
MOF Decree No.62 of 2011.

6. **Form of the subsidy**

Financial appropriations.

7. **To whom and how the subsidy is provided**

The fund is provided for the research and development of wind power equipment of domestic or domestically controlled enterprises manufacturing equipment and components for the wind power industry. The first 50 sets of megawatt wind turbines and their components newly developed and industrialized may receive the support as per RMB 600/kilowatt, and half of the support is respectively provided to the manufacturers of turbines and key components.
8. **Subsidy per unit, or in cases where this is not possible, the total amount or the annual amount budgeted for that subsidy**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>2009</th>
<th>2010</th>
<th>2011</th>
<th>2012</th>
<th>2013</th>
<th>2014</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Subsidy</td>
<td>285</td>
<td>Not Applicable</td>
<td>Not Applicable</td>
<td>Not Applicable</td>
<td>Not Applicable</td>
<td>Not Applicable</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Unit: million RMB

9. **Duration of the subsidy and/or any other time-limits attached to it**

August 2008 to the end of 2009.

10. **Statistical data permitting an assessment of the trade effects of a subsidy**

Not available.

**26 PREFERENTIAL TAX POLICIES FOR CLEAN DEVELOPMENT MECHANISM**

1. **Title of the subsidy programme**

Preferential tax policies for Clean Development Mechanism.

2. **Period covered by the notification**

2009-2014

3. **Policy objective and/or purpose of the subsidy**

To reduce the emission of greenhouse gas (GHG).

4. **Background and authority for the subsidy**

MOF, SAT.

5. **Legislation under which it is granted**

MOF Circular Cai Shui No.30 of 2009.

6. **Form of the subsidy**

Preferential tax treatment.

7. **To whom and how the subsidy is provided**

1) Specified income derived by the China Clean Development Mechanism Fund (CDMFUND) which are listed in the Circular shall be exempted from enterprise income tax;

2) The portion of income derived from the transfer of greenhouse gas emission reductions by CDM project enterprises which are paid to the state shall be deducted from the taxable income;

3) The enterprise income tax on CDM project enterprises that implement HPC and PFC projects where 65% of income derived from the transfer of greenhouse gas emission reductions are paid to the state, and N20 projects where 30% of income derived from the transfer of greenhouse gas emission reductions are paid to the state shall, starting from the year receiving income from the transfer of greenhouse gas emission reductions, be exempted in the first year through the third year and allowed a tax reduction by half in the fourth year through the sixth year.

8. **Subsidy per unit, or in cases where this is not possible, the total amount or the annual amount budgeted for that subsidy**

Not available.
9. **Duration of the subsidy and/or any other time-limits attached to it**

1 January 2007 to the present.

10. **Statistical data permitting an assessment of the trade effects of a subsidy**

Not available.

**27 PREFERENTIAL TAX POLICIES FOR ENTERPRISES MAKING LITTLE PROFITS**

1. **Title of the subsidy programme**

Preferential tax policies for enterprises making little profits.

2. **Period covered by the notification**

2009-2014

3. **Policy objective and/or purpose of the subsidy**

To reduce the burden of the enterprises making little profits and to maintain job opportunities.

4. **Background and authority for the subsidy**

MOF, SAT.

5. **Legislation under which it is granted**

Law of the People's Republic of China on Enterprise Income Tax (2007);
Regulations for the Implementation of Law of the People's Republic of China on Enterprise Income Tax (2007);
MOF Circular Cai Shui No.33 of 2009;
MOF Circular Cai Shui No.117 of 2011;
MOF Circular Cai Shui No.34 of 2014.

6. **Form of the subsidy**

Preferential tax treatment.

7. **To whom and how the subsidy is provided**

1) The income tax on the enterprises engaged in industries which are not restricted or prohibited by the State and meeting the following conditions shall be levied at a reduced rate of 20%:
   a) industrial enterprises whose annual taxable income does not exceed RMB 300,000, the number of employees does not exceed 100 persons, and the total value of assets does not exceed RMB 30 million; or
   b) other enterprises whose annual taxable income does not exceed RMB 300,000 Yuan, the number of employees does not exceed 80 persons, and the total value of assets does not exceed RMB 10 million;
2) 50% of the income of the enterprises listed in item 1) which have an annual taxable income of no more than RMB 30,000 shall be deducted from their taxable income and their enterprise income tax shall be levied at a rate of 20%;
3) 50% of the income of the enterprises listed in item 1) which have an annual taxable income of no more than RMB 60,000 shall be deducted from their taxable income and their enterprise income tax shall be levied at a rate of 20%;
4) 50% of the income of the enterprises listed in item 1) which have an annual taxable income of no more than RMB 100,000 shall be deducted from their taxable income and their enterprise income tax shall be levied at a rate of 20%.

8. **Subsidy per unit, or in cases where this is not possible, the total amount or the annual amount budgeted for that subsidy**

Not available.
9. **Duration of the subsidy and/or any other time-limits attached to it**

1) 1 January 2008 to the present;
2) 1 January 2010 to the present;
3) 1 January 2012 to the present;
4) 1 January 2014 to the present.

10. **Statistical data permitting an assessment of the trade effects of a subsidy**

Not available.

### 28 PREFERENTIAL VAT POLICIES FOR ENTERPRISES THAT EMPLOY DISABLED PEOPLE

1. **Title of the subsidy programme**

 Preferential VAT policies for enterprises that employ disabled people.

2. **Period covered by the notification**

2009-2014

3. **Policy objective and/or purpose of the subsidy**

To encourage the increase of job opportunities and help the employment of the disabled people.

4. **Background and authority for the subsidy**

MOF, Ministry for Civil Affairs (MCA), SAT.

5. **Legislation under which it is granted**

MOF Circular Cai Shui No.92 of 2007.

6. **Form of the subsidy**

Preferential tax treatment.

7. **To whom and how the subsidy is provided**

The VAT paid by the enterprises that employ disabled people may be refunded upon collection. The amount of VAT refunded depends on the number of disabled people the enterprises employ. For each disabled person employed, the enterprise may enjoy VAT refund equalling to six times the minimum wage set for a specific region annually, with the maximum refund of RMB 35,000 per person per year.

8. **Subsidy per unit, or in cases where this is not possible, the total amount or the annual amount budgeted for that subsidy**

Not available.

9. **Duration of the subsidy and/or any other time-limits attached to it**

1 July 2007 to the present.

10. **Statistical data permitting an assessment of the trade effects of a subsidy**

Not available.
29 PREFERENTIAL INCOME TAX POLICIES FOR ENTERPRISES THAT EMPLOY DISABLED PEOPLE

1. Title of the subsidy programme
Preferential income tax policies for enterprises that employ disabled people.

2. Period covered by the notification
2009-2014

3. Policy objective and/or purpose of the subsidy
To encourage the increase of job opportunities and help the employment of the disabled people.

4. Background and authority for the subsidy
MOF, MCA, SAT.

5. Legislation under which it is granted
MOF Circular Cai Shui No.92 of 2007;
Law of the People's Republic of China on Enterprise Income Tax (2007);
Regulations for the Implementation of Law of the People's Republic of China on Enterprise Income Tax (2007);
MOF Circular Cai Shui No.70 of 2009.

6. Form of the subsidy
Preferential tax treatment.

7. To whom and how the subsidy is provided
100% of the wages paid to its disabled employees by a qualified enterprise shall be additionally calculated and deducted from its taxable income.

8. Subsidy per unit, or in cases where this is not possible, the total amount or the annual amount budgeted for that subsidy
Not available.

9. Duration of the subsidy and/or any other time-limits attached to it
1 July 2007 to the present, and 1 January 2008 to the present for foreign invested enterprises.

10. Statistical data permitting an assessment of the trade effects of a subsidy
Not available.

30 PREFERENTIAL TAX TREATMENT FOR IMPORTED PRODUCTS EXCLUSIVELY USED BY THE DISABLED PEOPLE

1. Title of the subsidy programme
Preferential tax treatment for imported products exclusively used by the disabled people.

2. Period covered by the notification
2009-2014
3. Policy objective and/or purpose of the subsidy
To facilitate the recovery of the disabled people.

4. Background and authority for the subsidy
MOF, General Administration of Customs (GAC).

5. Legislation under which it is granted
State Council Circular Guo Han No. 3 of 1997;
GAC Decree No. 61 of 1997;
Provisional Regulations of the PRC on Value-Added Tax (2008 Revision).

6. Form of the subsidy
Preferential tax treatment.

7. To whom and how the subsidy is provided
The tariff, import VAT and consumption tax on imported products exclusively used by the disabled people within the stipulated scope shall be exempted.

8. Subsidy per unit, or in cases where this is not possible, the total amount or the annual amount budgeted for that subsidy
Not available.

9. Duration of the subsidy and/or any other time-limits attached to it
1997 to the present.

10. Statistical data permitting an assessment of the trade effects of a subsidy
Not available.

31 PREFERENTIAL TAX TREATMENT FOR PRODUCTS FOR THE DISABLED PEOPLE

1. Title of the subsidy programme
Preferential tax treatment for products for the disabled people.

2. Period covered by the notification
2009-2014

3. Policy objective and/or purpose of the subsidy
To facilitate the recovery of the disabled people.

4. Background and authority for the subsidy
MOF, SAT.

5. Legislation under which it is granted
MOF Circular Cai Shui No. 60 of 1994.

6. Form of the subsidy
Preferential tax treatment.
7. **To whom and how the subsidy is provided**

The VAT on artificial limbs, wheelchairs, orthopaedic appliances including those for upper limbs, lower limbs and spinal bend and lean etc. shall be exempted.

8. **Subsidy per unit, or in cases where this is not possible, the total amount or the annual amount budgeted for that subsidy**

Not available.

9. **Duration of the subsidy and/or any other time-limits attached to it**

1994 to the present.

10. **Statistical data permitting an assessment of the trade effects of a subsidy**

Not available.

**32 PREFERENTIAL TAX TREATMENT FOR ENTERPRISES PRODUCING PRODUCTS EXCLUSIVELY USED BY THE DISABLED PEOPLE**

1. **Title of the subsidy programme**

 Preferential tax treatment for enterprises producing products exclusively used by the disabled people.

2. **Period covered by the notification**

2009-2014

3. **Policy objective and/or purpose of the subsidy**

To facilitate the recovery of the disabled people.

4. **Background and authority for the subsidy**

MOF, MCA, SAT.

5. **Legislation under which it is granted**

MOF Circular Cai Shui No.132 of 2004;

MOF Circular Cai Shui No.148 of 2006;

MOF Circular Cai Shui No.1 of 2008;

MOF Circular Cai Shui No.131 of 2009;

MOF Circular Cai Shui No.81 of 2011.

6. **Form of the subsidy**

 Preferential tax treatment.

7. **To whom and how the subsidy is provided**

The income tax on enterprises producing or assembling products to be exclusively used by the disabled people shall be exempted.

8. **Subsidy per unit, or in cases where this is not possible, the total amount or the annual amount budgeted for that subsidy**

Not available.
9. **Duration of the subsidy and/or any other time-limits attached to it**

2004 to the end of 2015.

10. **Statistical data permitting an assessment of the trade effects of a subsidy**

Not available.

### 33 PREFERENTIAL TAX POLICIES FOR THE RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT OF ENTERPRISES

1. **Title of the subsidy programme**

Preferential tax policies for the research and development of enterprises.

2. **Period covered by the notification**

2009-2014

3. **Policy objective and/or purpose of the subsidy**

To encourage the research and development of enterprises.

4. **Background and authority for the subsidy**

MOF, SAT.

5. **Legislation under which it is granted**

Law of the People's Republic of China on Enterprise Income Tax (2007);
Regulations for the Implementation of Law of the People's Republic of China on Enterprise Income Tax (2007);
SAT Circular Guo Shui Fa No.116 of 2008.

6. **Form of the subsidy**

Preferential tax treatment.

7. **To whom and how the subsidy is provided**

Where the research and development expenses incurred by an enterprise for the development of new technologies, new products and new techniques are included in the current profits or losses before they become intangible assets, a deduction of 50% of the research and development expenses shall be made in addition to the deduction of actual expenses when the taxable income is calculated; where they become intangible assets, the expenses shall be amortised at 150% of the cost of the intangible assets with the amortization period of not less than 10 years.

8. **Subsidy per unit, or in cases where this is not possible, the total amount or the annual amount budgeted for that subsidy**

Not available.

9. **Duration of the subsidy and/or any other time-limits attached to it**

1 January 2008 to the present.

10. **Statistical data permitting an assessment of the trade effects of a subsidy**

Not available.
34 PREFERENTIAL TAX POLICIES FOR ENTERPRISES TRANSFERRING TECHNOLOGY

1. Title of the subsidy programme

Preferential tax policies for enterprises transferring technology.

2. Period covered by the notification

2009-2014

3. Policy objective and/or purpose of the subsidy

To encourage the transfers of technology.

4. Background and authority for the subsidy

MOF, SAT.

5. Legislation under which it is granted

Law of the People's Republic of China on Enterprise Income Tax(2007);
Regulations for the Implementation of Law of the People's Republic of China on Enterprise Income Tax (2007);
SAT Circular Guo Shui Han No.212 of 2009.

6. Form of the subsidy

Preferential tax treatment.

7. To whom and how the subsidy is provided

Income up to RMB 5 million earned by a resident enterprise from any transfer of technologies in a tax year shall be exempted from enterprise income tax. Income exceeding RMB 5 million shall be allowed a reduction by half of enterprise income tax.

8. Subsidy per unit, or in cases where this is not possible, the total amount or the annual amount budgeted for that subsidy

Not available.

9. Duration of the subsidy and/or any other time-limits attached to it

1 January 2008 to the present.

10. Statistical data permitting an assessment of the trade effects of a subsidy

Not available.

35 RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT FUND FOR INDUSTRIAL TECHNOLOGIES

1. Title of the subsidy programme

Research and development fund for industrial technologies.

2. Period covered by the notification

2009-2014

3. Policy objective and/or purpose of the subsidy

To support important technological research and development projects of commonweal or public interest.
4. Background and authority for the subsidy

MOF, NDRC.

5. Legislation under which it is granted

MOF Circular Cai Jian No.30 of 2002.

6. Form of the subsidy

Financial appropriations.

7. To whom and how the subsidy is provided

The fund is provided to enterprises engaged in approved research and development projects of industrial technologies after review of applications or bidding procedures.

8. Subsidy per unit, or in cases where this is not possible, the total amount or the annual amount budgeted for that subsidy

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Unit: million RMB</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2009</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3,262</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

9. Duration of the subsidy and/or any other time-limits attached to it

2002 to the present.

10. Statistical data permitting an assessment of the trade effects of a subsidy

Not available.

36 DEVELOPMENT FUND FOR SMES

1. Title of the subsidy programme

Development fund for SMEs.

2. Period covered by the notification

2009-2014.

3. Policy objective and/or purpose of the subsidy

To support the development of SMEs and to improve the development environment of SMEs.

4. Background and authority for the subsidy

MOF, MIIT, MOST, MOFCOM.

5. Legislation under which it is granted

6. **Form of the subsidy**

Financial appropriations.

7. **To whom and how the subsidy is provided**

Grants and investment incentives for medium and small enterprises, specifically:
1) Grants will be provided to the innovation projects of science and technology SMEs for no more than 40% of the relevant R&D expenditures with the grant per innovation project limited to RMB 3 million;
2) Support in the forms of share-holding during certain operation stage, risk-based allowance and investment guarantee, etc. will be granted to venture capital institutions and science and technology SME start-ups;
3) Grants, performance incentives and governmental purchase services, etc. will be adopted to support SME public service platforms and service institutions so that they could provide science and technology consultation, commerce and trade and other comprehensive services to SMEs.

8. **Subsidy per unit, or in cases where this is not possible, the total amount or the annual amount budgeted for that subsidy**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>2009</th>
<th>2010</th>
<th>2011</th>
<th>2012</th>
<th>2013</th>
<th>2014</th>
</tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Unit: million RMB</td>
<td>4,920</td>
<td>9,020</td>
<td>9,820</td>
<td>10,820</td>
<td>11,598</td>
<td>11,586</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

9. **Duration of the subsidy and/or any other time-limits attached to it**

1999 to the present.

10. **Statistical data permitting an assessment of the trade effects of a subsidy**

Not available.

**37 SPECIAL FUND FOR ESTABLISHMENT OF SERVICE SYSTEM FOR SMES**

1. **Title of the subsidy programme**

Special fund for establishment of service system for SMEs.

2. **Period covered by the notification**

2009–2014

3. **Policy objective and/or purpose of the subsidy**

To assist entities to provide better services to SMEs.

4. **Background and authority for the subsidy**

MOF, MIIT.

5. **Legislation under which it is granted**


6. **Form of the subsidy**

Financial appropriations.
7. **To whom and how the subsidy is provided**

The fund is provided as grant to entities which provide services to SMEs. For those who provide training services to the SMEs, rent charges of training venue, payments to the lecturers and expenses on teaching materials may be fully subsidized by the fund, and accommodations incurred by the training services may be subsidized at a maximum of RMB 150 person/day. For those who provide credit services to SMEs, the actual expenses may be subsidized as appropriate. For those who provide services for SMEs to start business, the actual expenses may be subsidized as appropriate. For those who provide management consulting services for SMEs, the actual expenses may be subsidized as appropriate.

8. **Subsidy per unit, or in cases where this is not possible, the total amount or the annual amount budgeted for that subsidy**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>2009</th>
<th>2010</th>
<th>2011</th>
<th>2012</th>
<th>2013</th>
<th>2014</th>
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<td>50</td>
<td>50</td>
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<td>Not Applicable</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

9. **Duration of the subsidy and/or any other time-limits attached to it**

2003-2012.

10. **Statistical data permitting an assessment of the trade effects of a subsidy**

Not available.

**38 FUND FOR PROMOTION OF COORDINATED DEVELOPMENT OF FOREIGN TRADE AND ECONOMIC RELATIONS AMONG REGIONS**

1. **Title of the subsidy programme**

Fund for promotion of coordinated development of foreign trade and economic relations among regions.

2. **Period covered by the notification**

2009-2014

3. **Policy objective and/or purpose of the subsidy**

To support the economic and trade development of undeveloped area.

4. **Background and authority for the subsidy**

MOF, MOFCOM.

5. **Legislation under which it is granted**

MOF Circular Cai Qi No.118 of 2008;
MOF Circular Cai Qi No.36 of 2014.

6. **Form of the subsidy**

Financial appropriations.

7. **To whom and how the subsidy is provided**

This fund is provided for projects aiming at exploration of international market, scientific innovation and information system construction in the central, western and north-eastern regions of China.
8. **Subsidy per unit, or in cases where this is not possible, the total amount or the annual amount budgeted for that subsidy**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>2009</th>
<th>2010</th>
<th>2011</th>
<th>2012</th>
<th>2013</th>
<th>2014</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Unit:</strong> million RMB</td>
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<td></td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>2009</strong></td>
<td>1,700</td>
<td>1,800</td>
<td>2,200</td>
<td>2,300</td>
<td>2,394</td>
<td>Not Applicable</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

9. **Duration of the subsidy and/or any other time-limits attached to it**

2000-2013.

10. **Statistical data permitting an assessment of the trade effects of a subsidy**

Not available.

**39 SPECIAL FUND FOR THE DEVELOPMENT OF INTERNATIONAL ECONOMY AND TRADE**

1. **Title of the subsidy programme**

Special fund for the development of international economy and trade.

2. **Period covered by the notification**

2009-2014

3. **Policy objective and/or purpose of the subsidy**

To optimize the structure of international trade, promote international investment cooperation, and improve public services for international economy and trade.

4. **Background and authority for the subsidy**

MOF, MOFCOM.

5. **Legislation under which it is granted**

MOF Circular Cai Qi No. 36 of 2014.

6. **Form of the subsidy**

Financial appropriations.

7. **To whom and how the subsidy is provided**

For eligible enterprises and institutions that

1) Are located in areas where international economy and trade are less developed; or

2) Develop trade in services and trade in technology; or

3) Conduct overseas investment, contract foreign projects, engage in foreign labour cooperation, and other foreign investment and cooperation business; or

4) Import advanced equipment and technology, key parts and components, and resource products urgently needed domestically; or

5) Provide investment cooperation promotion and public business information and other services. The Ministry of Commerce and the Ministry of Finance organize the filing and review of application for projects, and propose fund-supporting plans; the Ministry of Finance is responsible for approving fund-supporting plans, and allocating the fund directly or via the provincial-level financial departments to the institutions responsible for the projects.
8. Subsidy per unit, or in cases where this is not possible, the total amount or the annual amount budgeted for that subsidy

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>2009</th>
<th>2010</th>
<th>2011</th>
<th>2012</th>
<th>2013</th>
<th>2014</th>
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<td>12,750</td>
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</table>

Unit: million RMB

9. Duration of the subsidy and/or any other time-limits attached to it

2014 to the present.

10. Statistical data permitting an assessment of the trade effects of a subsidy

Not available.

40 FUND FOR OPTIMIZING THE IMPORT AND EXPORT STRUCTURE OF MECHANICAL AND ELECTRICAL PRODUCTS AS WELL AS HIGH-TECH PRODUCTS

1. Title of the subsidy programme

Fund for optimizing the import and export structure of mechanical and electrical products as well as high-tech products.

2. Period covered by the notification

2009-2014

3. Policy objective and/or purpose of the subsidy

To support the optimization of the import and export structure of mechanical and electrical products as well as high-tech products.

4. Background and authority for the subsidy

MOF, MOFCOM.

5. Legislation under which it is granted


6. Form of the subsidy

Financial appropriations.

7. To whom and how the subsidy is provided

The fund is provided for enterprises or industrial associations engaged in projects of technology research and development, public information service and personnel training etc. The amount of support shall not exceed 50 % of the total actual investment in the projects. Support to a single enterprise shall not exceed RMB 3 million and that for intermediary organizations shall not exceed RMB 10 million in principle.

8. Subsidy per unit, or in cases where this is not possible, the total amount or the annual amount budgeted for that subsidy

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>2009</th>
<th>2010</th>
<th>2011</th>
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<th>2013</th>
<th>2014</th>
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<td>Not Applicable</td>
<td>Not Applicable</td>
<td>Not Applicable</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Unit: million RMB
9. **Duration of the subsidy and/or any other time-limits attached to it**


10. **Statistical data permitting an assessment of the trade effects of a subsidy**

Not available.

### 41 FUND FOR PROMOTING THE TRADE OF AGRICULTURAL, LIGHT INDUSTRY AND TEXTILE PRODUCTS

1. **Title of the subsidy programme**

Fund for promoting the trade of agricultural, light industry and textile products.

2. **Period covered by the notification**

2009-2014

3. **Policy objective and/or purpose of the subsidy**

To improve the quality and safety of agricultural, light industry and textiles products.

4. **Background and authority for the subsidy**

MOF, MOFCOM.

5. **Legislation under which it is granted**


6. **Form of the subsidy**

Financial appropriations.

7. **To whom and how the subsidy is provided**

The fund is provided for projects promoting the development of quality system certification, registration of marks of origin and the training and exchange of new technology, new design and new marketing concepts.

8. **Subsidy per unit, or in cases where this is not possible, the total amount or the annual amount budgeted for that subsidy**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>2009</th>
<th>2010</th>
<th>2011</th>
<th>2012</th>
<th>2013</th>
<th>2014</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>100</td>
<td>Not Applicable</td>
<td>Not Applicable</td>
<td>Not Applicable</td>
<td>Not Applicable</td>
<td>Not Applicable</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

9. **Duration of the subsidy and/or any other time-limits attached to it**


10. **Statistical data permitting an assessment of the trade effects of a subsidy**

Not available.
42 PREFERENTIAL TAX POLICIES FOR ENTERPRISES ENGAGED IN PROJECTS OF PRELIMINARY PROCESSING OF AGRICULTURAL, FOREST, ANIMAL AND FISHERY PRODUCTS

1. Title of the subsidy programme

Preferential tax policies for enterprises engaged in projects of preliminary processing of agricultural, forest, animal and fishery products.

2. Period covered by the notification

2009-2014

3. Policy objective and/or purpose of the subsidy

To support the development of agriculture.

4. Background and authority for the subsidy

MOF, SAT.

5. Legislation under which it is granted

Law of the People's Republic of China on Enterprise Income Tax (2007);
Regulations for the Implementation of Law of the People's Republic of China on Enterprise Income Tax (2007);
MOF Circular Cai Shui No.149 of 2008.

6. Form of the subsidy

Preferential tax treatment.

7. To whom and how the subsidy is provided

Enterprise income tax on the income derived by an enterprise from stipulated projects of preliminary processing related to farming, forestry, animal husbandry and fisheries may be exempted or reduced.

8. Subsidy per unit, or in cases where this is not possible, the total amount or the annual amount budgeted for that subsidy

Not available.

9. Duration of the subsidy and/or any other time-limits attached to it

2008 to the present.

10. Statistical data permitting an assessment of the trade effects of a subsidy

Not available.

43 FUND FOR SPECIALIZED ECONOMIC COOPERATIVES OF FARMERS

1. Title of the subsidy programme

Fund for specialized economic cooperatives of farmers.

2. Period covered by the notification

2009-2014
3. **Policy objective and/or purpose of the subsidy**

To support and facilitate the development of specialized cooperatives of farmers.

4. **Background and authority for the subsidy**

MOF.

5. **Legislation under which it is granted**

MOF Circular Cai Nong No.87 of 2004; MOF Circular Cai Nong No.156 of 2013.

6. **Form of the subsidy**

Financial appropriations.

7. **To whom and how the subsidy is provided**

The fund is provided to qualified specialized cooperatives of farmers. MOF provides fund to the local governments. Local governments review applications to allocate the fund and then report to MOF for record.

8. **Subsidy per unit, or in cases where this is not possible, the total amount or the annual amount budgeted for that subsidy**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>2009</th>
<th>2010</th>
<th>2011</th>
<th>2012</th>
<th>2013</th>
<th>2014</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Unit</td>
<td>million RMB</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>500</td>
<td>600</td>
<td>700</td>
<td>850</td>
<td>1,850</td>
<td>2,000.40</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

9. **Duration of the subsidy and/or any other time-limits attached to it**

2003 to the present.

10. **Statistical data permitting an assessment of the trade effects of a subsidy**

Not available.

**44 FUND FOR SUBSIDIZING THE TRAINING OF RURAL MIGRANT LABOUR FORCE**

1. **Title of the subsidy programme**

Fund for subsidizing the training of rural migrant labour force.

2. **Period covered by the notification**

2009-2014

3. **Policy objective and/or purpose of the subsidy**

To improve the quality and the employment capabilities of the rural migrant workers, to facilitate the migration of the rural labour force and increase rural incomes.

4. **Background and authority for the subsidy**

MOF, Ministry of Agriculture (MOA).

5. **Legislation under which it is granted**

MOF Circular Cai Nong No.18 of 2005.
6. **Form of the subsidy**

Financial appropriations.

7. **To whom and how the subsidy is provided**

The fund is provided to individuals, training institutions or other organizations chosen through bidding procedures to provide training services to farmers. MOF and MOA jointly review applications for fund submitted by local governments. After approval of the applications, fund is allocated by MOF.

8. **Subsidy per unit, or in cases where this is not possible, the total amount or the annual amount budgeted for that subsidy**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>2009</th>
<th>2010</th>
<th>2011</th>
<th>2012</th>
<th>2013</th>
<th>2014</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Unit: million RMB</td>
<td>1,100</td>
<td>1,100</td>
<td>1,100</td>
<td>1,100</td>
<td>1,100</td>
<td>1,100</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

9. **Duration of the subsidy and/or any other time-limits attached to it**

2004 to the present.

10. **Statistical data permitting an assessment of the trade effects of a subsidy**

Not available.

**45 SUBSIDY FUND FOR TRANSFORMING AGRICULTURAL SCIENTIFIC ACHIEVEMENTS AND PROMOTING TECHNICAL SERVICES**

1. **Title of the subsidy programme**

Subsidy fund for transforming agricultural scientific achievements and promoting technical services.

2. **Period covered by the notification**

2009-2014

3. **Policy objective and/or purpose of the subsidy**

To supporting the transformation of agricultural scientific achievements, the promotion of agricultural technologies and services.

4. **Background and authority for the subsidy**

MOF, MOST, MOA.

5. **Legislation under which it is granted**

MOST Circular Guo Ke Ban Cai Zi No. 417 of 2001; MOF Circulars Cai Nong No. 81 of 2004; MOF Circulars Cai Nong No. 31 of 2014.

6. **Form of the subsidy**

Financial appropriations.

7. **To whom and how the subsidy is provided**

The fund is provided to the undertakers responsible for the projects of transforming scientific achievements and promoting agricultural scientific services, providers of agricultural scientific...
promotion services and practical users of agricultural technologies. MOF and MOA jointly review applications for fund submitted by local governments. After approval of the applications, fund is allocated by MOF.

8. **Subsidy per unit, or in cases where this is not possible, the total amount or the annual amount budgeted for that subsidy**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>2009</th>
<th>2010</th>
<th>2011</th>
<th>2012</th>
<th>2013</th>
<th>2014</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>4,070</td>
<td>5,400</td>
<td>6,100</td>
<td>10,100</td>
<td>10,907.60</td>
<td>12,353.90</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

9. **Duration of the subsidy and/or any other time-limits attached to it**

1999 to the present.

10. **Statistical data permitting an assessment of the trade effects of a subsidy**

Not available.

### 46 SUBSIDY FOR PROMOTING SUPERIOR STRAINS AND SEEDS

1. **Title of the subsidy programme**

Subsidy for promoting superior strains and seeds.

2. **Period covered by the notification**

2009-2014

3. **Policy objective and/or purpose of the subsidy**

To accelerate the upgrading of strains and seeds, increase the output of agricultural products, improve the quality of agricultural products and guarantee food security.

4. **Background and authority for the subsidy**

MOF, MOA.

5. **Legislation under which it is granted**

MOF Circulars Cai Nong No.16 and No.17 of 2004; MOF Circulars Cai Nong No.440 of 2009.

6. **Form of the subsidy**

Financial appropriations.

7. **To whom and how the subsidy is provided**

The subsidy is provided to farmers purchasing superior strains and seeds. MOF and MOA jointly review applications for fund submitted by local governments. After approval of the applications, fund is allocated by MOF.

8. **Subsidy per unit, or in cases where this is not possible, the total amount or the annual amount budgeted for that subsidy**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>2009</th>
<th>2010</th>
<th>2011</th>
<th>2012</th>
<th>2013</th>
<th>2014</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>19,854.31</td>
<td>20,400</td>
<td>21,948.47</td>
<td>21,902.53</td>
<td>21,584.87</td>
<td>21,445.39</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
9. Duration of the subsidy and/or any other time-limits attached to it
2002-2014.

10. Statistical data permitting an assessment of the trade effects of a subsidy
Not available.

47 SUBSIDY FOR PURCHASING AGRICULTURAL MACHINERY AND TOOLS

1. Title of the subsidy programme
Subsidy for purchasing agricultural machinery and tools.

2. Period covered by the notification
2009-2014

3. Policy objective and/or purpose of the subsidy
To enhance agricultural mechanization, and push forward the development of agriculture and rural economy.

4. Background and authority for the subsidy
MOA, MOF.

5. Legislation under which it is granted
MOF Circular Cai Nong No.11 of 2005.

6. Form of the subsidy
Financial appropriations.

7. To whom and how the subsidy is provided
The subsidy is provided to individual farmers or services providers of agricultural machinery and tools that purchase agricultural machinery and tools. MOA and MOF jointly review applications for fund submitted by local governments. After approval of the applications, fund is allocated by MOF.

8. Subsidy per unit, or in cases where this is not possible, the total amount or the annual amount budgeted for that subsidy

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>2009</th>
<th>2010</th>
<th>2011</th>
<th>2012</th>
<th>2013</th>
<th>2014</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Unit:</td>
<td>million RMB</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>12,890</td>
<td>15,493</td>
<td>17,500</td>
<td>21,500</td>
<td>21,754.80</td>
<td>23,644.80</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

9. Duration of the subsidy and/or any other time-limits attached to it
1999 to the present.

10. Statistical data permitting an assessment of the trade effects of a subsidy
Not available.

48 COMPREHENSIVE SUBSIDIES FOR AGRICULTURAL INPUTS

1. Title of the subsidy programme
Comprehensive subsidies for agricultural inputs.
2. **Period covered by the notification**

2009-2014

3. **Policy objective and/or purpose of the subsidy**

To compensate farmers' loss caused by the price hikes of agricultural inputs, and improve farmers' income.

4. **Background and authority for the subsidy**

MOF.

5. **Legislation under which it is granted**


6. **Form of the subsidy**

Financial appropriations.

7. **To whom and how the subsidy is provided**

The fund is allocated to provincial governments, which are responsible for the formulation of detailed implementation plans and provision of the subsidy to farmers.

8. **Subsidy per unit, or in cases where this is not possible, the total amount or the annual amount budgeted for that subsidy**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Amount (million RMB)</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2009</td>
<td>71,600</td>
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<tr>
<td>2010</td>
<td>71,600</td>
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<tr>
<td>2011</td>
<td>83,500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2012</td>
<td>107,800</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2013</td>
<td>107,800</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2014</td>
<td>107,800</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

9. **Duration of the subsidy and/or any other time-limits attached to it**

2006-2014.

10. **Statistical data permitting an assessment of the trade effects of a subsidy**

Not available.

49 **DIRECT SUBSIDY TO FARMERS**

1. **Title of the subsidy programme**

Direct subsidy to farmers.

2. **Period covered by the notification**

2009-2014

3. **Policy objective and/or purpose of the subsidy**

To maintain the stability and development of agricultural production, improve the overall agricultural production capacity and farmers' income.

4. **Background and authority for the subsidy**

MOF.
5. Legislation under which it is granted

6. Form of the subsidy
Financial appropriations.

7. To whom and how the subsidy is provided
Provincial governments are responsible for the detailed implementation plan. Fund will be provided according to the taxable area of the farmland.

8. Subsidy per unit, or in cases where this is not possible, the total amount or the annual amount budgeted for that subsidy

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>2009</th>
<th>2010</th>
<th>2011</th>
<th>2012</th>
<th>2013</th>
<th>2014</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>15,100</td>
<td>15,100</td>
<td>15,100</td>
<td>15,100</td>
<td>15,100</td>
<td>15,100</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Unit: million RMB

9. Duration of the subsidy and/or any other time-limits attached to it

10. Statistical data permitting an assessment of the trade effects of a subsidy
Not available.

**50 FUND FOR AGRICULTURAL COMPREHENSIVE DEVELOPMENT**

1. Title of the subsidy programme
Fund for agricultural comprehensive development.

2. Period covered by the notification
2009-2014

3. Policy objective and/or purpose of the subsidy
To improve the infrastructure construction and ecological construction, enhance the agricultural comprehensive production capacity, optimize the agricultural and rural economic structure and improve farmers' income.

4. Background and authority for the subsidy
MOF.

5. Legislation under which it is granted
MOF Decree No.60.

6. Form of the subsidy
Financial appropriations.

7. To whom and how the subsidy is provided
The fund is provided to agricultural comprehensive development projects, which will be subsidized after approval of the applications.
8. Subsidy per unit, or in cases where this is not possible, the total amount or the annual amount budgeted for that subsidy

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>2009</th>
<th>2010</th>
<th>2011</th>
<th>2012</th>
<th>2013</th>
<th>2014</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>16,500</td>
<td>19,000</td>
<td>23,000</td>
<td>29,000</td>
<td>32,852</td>
<td>36,071</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Unit: million RMB

9. Duration of the subsidy and/or any other time-limits attached to it

1988 to the present.

10. Statistical data permitting an assessment of the trade effects of a subsidy

Not available.

51 FUND FOR INTEREST DISCOUNT OF LOANS FOR THE PURPOSE OF AGRICULTURAL WATER-SAVING IRRIGATION

1. Title of the subsidy programme

Fund for interest discount of loans for the purpose of agricultural water-saving irrigation.

2. Period covered by the notification

2009-2014

3. Policy objective and/or purpose of the subsidy

To support water-saving irrigation technology and the construction of areas using water-saving irrigation.

4. Background and authority for the subsidy

MOF, Ministry of Water Resources (MWR).

5. Legislation under which it is granted

MOF Circular Cai Nong No. 279 of 2005.

6. Form of the subsidy

Financial appropriations.

7. To whom and how the subsidy is provided

The fund is provided to individuals, enterprises or related organizations. MOF and MWR jointly review the applications for fund submitted by local governments. After approval of the applications, fund is allocated by the MOF.

8. Subsidy per unit, or in cases where this is not possible, the total amount or the annual amount budgeted for that subsidy

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>2009</th>
<th>2010</th>
<th>2011</th>
<th>2012</th>
<th>2013</th>
<th>2014</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>49.9</td>
<td>50</td>
<td>50</td>
<td>Not Applicable</td>
<td>Not Applicable</td>
<td>Not Applicable</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Unit: million RMB

9. Duration of the subsidy and/or any other time-limits attached to it

1997-2011.
10. Statistical data permitting an assessment of the trade effects of a subsidy

Not available.

**52 SUBSIDY FUND FOR SMALL FARMLAND WATER CONSERVANCY FACILITIES AND NATIONAL KEY CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS ON WATER AND SOIL CONSERVATION**

1. **Title of the subsidy programme**

Subsidy fund for small farmland water conservancy facilities and national key construction projects on water and soil conservation.

2. **Period covered by the notification**

2009-2014

3. **Policy objective and/or purpose of the subsidy**

To assist small scale farmland irrigation and water and soil conservation in rural areas.

4. **Background and authority for the subsidy**

MOF, MWR.

5. **Legislation under which it is granted**

MOF Circular Cai Nong Zi No. 335 of 2009;
MOF Circular Cai Nong Zi No. 54 of 2012.

6. **Form of the subsidy**

Financial appropriations.

7. **To whom and how the subsidy is provided**

The fund is provided to farm households, farmers' cooperation organizations for using water, village groups and village collectives and other specialized farmers' economic partnerships and projects of treating water loss and soil erosion in key areas. The funds for small-sized farmland water conservancy facilities will be distributed based on a factor approach. The central government will determine the allocation of capital grants to each province according to the budget scale of fund and relevant factors. The special funds for water and soil conservation projects will be allocated by MOF after the MOF and MWR jointly review and approve the applications submitted by the local authorities.

8. **Subsidy per unit, or in cases where this is not possible, the total amount or the annual amount budgeted for that subsidy**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>2009</th>
<th>2010</th>
<th>2011</th>
<th>2012</th>
<th>2013</th>
<th>2014</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Amount</td>
<td>4,730</td>
<td>8,100</td>
<td>13,000</td>
<td>22,308</td>
<td>19,308</td>
<td>23,108</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Unit: million RMB

9. **Duration of the subsidy and/or any other time-limits attached to it**

1983 to the present.

10. **Statistical data permitting an assessment of the trade effects of a subsidy**

Not available.
53 FUND FOR DISASTER PREVENTION AND RELIEF IN AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTION

1. Title of the subsidy programme
Fund for disaster prevention and relief in agricultural production.

2. Period covered by the notification
2009-2014

3. Policy objective and/or purpose of the subsidy
To reducing the damages caused by agricultural disasters.

4. Background and authority for the subsidy
MOF, MOA.

5. Legislation under which it is granted
MOF Circular Cai Nong No. 232 of 2001; MOF Circular Cai Nong No. 3 of 2013.

6. Form of the subsidy
Financial appropriations.

7. To whom and how the subsidy is provided
MOF and the MOA jointly review the applications for fund submitted by the local governments. After the applications are approved, the subsidy is allocated by the MOF. The fund is provided to agricultural producers who undertake the tasks of preventing and controlling agricultural disasters, and suffer from the damages and losses caused by agricultural disasters.

8. Subsidy per unit, or in cases where this is not possible, the total amount or the annual amount budgeted for that subsidy

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>2009</th>
<th>2010</th>
<th>2011</th>
<th>2012</th>
<th>2013</th>
<th>2014</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>925</td>
<td>3,282</td>
<td>4,130</td>
<td>4,805</td>
<td>4,220</td>
<td>3,227</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

9. Duration of the subsidy and/or any other time-limits attached to it
2001 to the present.

10. Statistical data permitting an assessment of the trade effects of a subsidy
Not available.

54 SUBSIDY FOR PREVENTION FROM AND CONTROL OF PEST AND DISEASE IN FORESTRY

1. Title of the subsidy programme
Subsidy for prevention from and control of pest and disease in forestry.

2. Period covered by the notification
2009-2014
3. **Policy objective and/or purpose of the subsidy**

To strengthen the disease, pest and rat prevention and control in forests, woods, seedling and bamboo forests.

4. **Background and authority for the subsidy**

MOF, State Forestry Administration (SFA).

5. **Legislation under which it is granted**

MOF Circular Cai Nong No.44 of 2005.

6. **Form of the subsidy**

Financial appropriations.

7. **To whom and how the subsidy is provided**

The fund is provided to the grass-root entities engaged in forestry hazardous creature control. MOF and SFA jointly review the applications for fund submitted by the local governments and determine the amount of the allowance.

8. **Subsidy per unit, or in cases where this is not possible, the total amount or the annual amount budgeted for that subsidy**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Unit: million RMB</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2009</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-----</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>200</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

9. **Duration of the subsidy and/or any other time-limits attached to it**

1980 to the present.

10. **Statistical data permitting an assessment of the trade effects of a subsidy**

Not available.

55 **SUBSIDY FUND FOR AGRICULTURAL RESOURCES AND ECOLOGICAL PROTECTION**

1. **Title of the subsidy programme**

Subsidy fund for agricultural resources and ecological protection.

2. **Period covered by the notification**

2009-2014

3. **Policy objective and/or purpose of the subsidy**

To supporting the protection and quality improvement of cultivated land, protection and control of grassland ecology, protection and utilization of the resources of fishing industry, and comprehensive treatment of fecal residue from livestock.

4. **Background and authority for the subsidy**

MOF, MOA.

5. **Legislation under which it is granted**

MOF Circular Cai Nong No. 139 of 2004;
6. **Form of the subsidy**

Financial appropriations.

7. **To whom and how the subsidy is provided**

For eligible herdsmen, fishermen and relevant enterprises, specifically:

1) Subsidies on farmers' income loss during the period of farmland pollution and product monitoring, soil amelioration fertilization agent (fertilizer), special fertilizer, straw rotten agent, acacia crassicarpa and seed of green manure crops necessary for farmland protection and quality improvement, new crop variety, change in farming conditions and repair and treatment of polluted cultivated land necessary for planting structure adjustment etc.;

2) Subsidies on prohibition of grazing on grassland necessary for grassland ecological protection and treatment, reward for balance between forage and animal, integrated subsidies on herdsmen's production materials, performance incentives, subsidies on growing superior grass seed varieties, subsidies on air-seeding grass etc.;

3) Subsidies on aquatic organisms multiplication release, ocean pasture construction, reduction in the number of fishing vessels and change of fishermen's production necessary for the protection and utilization of fishery resources;

4) Subsidies on construction of major facilities and procurement of equipment necessary for comprehensive treatment of fecal residue from livestock;

5) Other expenses in connection with agricultural resources and ecological protection.

8. **Subsidy per unit, or in cases where this is not possible, the total amount or the annual amount budgeted for that subsidy**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>2009</th>
<th>2010</th>
<th>2011</th>
<th>2012</th>
<th>2013</th>
<th>2014</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>1,764.73</td>
<td>1,893.98</td>
<td>13,728.00</td>
<td>15,428.00</td>
<td>16,375.00</td>
<td>18,315.40</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

9. **Duration of the subsidy and/or any other time-limits attached to it**

1984 to the present.

10. **Statistical data permitting an assessment of the trade effects of a subsidy**

Not available.

### 56 PREFERENTIAL TAX POLICIES FOR THE IMPORTS OF CHINA GRAIN RESERVES CORPORATION

1. **Title of the subsidy programme**

Preferential tax policies for the imports of China Grain Reserves Corporation.

2. **Period covered by the notification**

2009-2014

3. **Policy objective and/or purpose of the subsidy**

To secure food safety.

4. **Background and authority for the subsidy**

MOF, GAC, SAT.
5. **Legislation under which it is granted**

MOF Circular Cai Guan Shui No. 16 of 2011;
MOF Circular Cai Guan Shui No. 33 of 2011.

6. **Form of the subsidy**

Preferential tax treatment.

7. **To whom and how the subsidy is provided**

The import VAT on Grains and oils owned by China Grain Reserves Corporation and its subsidiaries for the purpose of rotation of grain reserves shall be exempted.

8. **Subsidy per unit, or in cases where this is not possible, the total amount or the annual amount budgeted for that subsidy**

Not available.

9. **Duration of the subsidy and/or any other time-limits attached to it**

2009 to the present.

10. **Statistical data permitting an assessment of the trade effects of a subsidy**

Not available.

### 57 PREFERENTIAL TAX TREATMENT FOR TEA SOLD IN THE BORDER AREAS

1. **Title of the subsidy programme**

Preferential tax treatment for tea sold in the border areas.

2. **Period covered by the notification**

2009-2014

3. **Policy objective and/or purpose of the subsidy**

To reduce the costs of ethnic minorities living in border areas to purchase border-selling tea, and ensure the sufficient supply of border-selling tea at the border areas inhabited by ethnic minorities.

4. **Background and authority for the subsidy**

MOF, SAT.

5. **Legislation under which it is granted**

MOF Circular Cai Shui No. 60 of 1994;
MOF Circular Cai Shui No. 71 of 2001;
MOF Circular Cai Shui No. 103 of 2006;
MOF Circular Cai Shui No. 141 of 2009;
MOF Circular Cai Shui No. 89 of 2011;

6. **Form of the subsidy**

Preferential tax treatment.

7. **To whom and how the subsidy is provided**
The VAT on the border-selling tea sold and manufactured by its manufacturers and distributed by its distributors shall be exempted.

8. **Subsidy per unit, or in cases where this is not possible, the total amount or the annual amount budgeted for that subsidy**

Not available.

9. **Duration of the subsidy and/or any other time-limits attached to it**

1 January 1994 to the end of 2015.

10. **Statistical data permitting an assessment of the trade effects of a subsidy**

Not available.

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**58 PREFERENTIAL TAX TREATMENT FOR IMPORTED PRODUCTS FOR THE PURPOSE OF REPLACING THE PLANTING OF POPPIES**

1. **Title of the subsidy programme**

Preferential tax treatment for imported products for the purpose of replacing the planting of poppies.

2. **Period covered by the notification**

2009-2014

3. **Policy objective and/or purpose of the subsidy**

To support the replacement of the planting of poppies.

4. **Background and authority for the subsidy**

MOF, SAT, GAC.

5. **Legislation under which it is granted**

MOF Circular Cai Shui No.63 of 2000.

6. **Form of the subsidy**

Preferential tax treatment.

7. **To whom and how the subsidy is provided**

Tariffs and import VAT on imported products within the approved scope for the purpose of replacing the planting of poppies in the border areas in Yunnan province shall be exempted.

8. **Subsidy per unit, or in cases where this is not possible, the total amount or the annual amount budgeted for that subsidy**

Not available.

9. **Duration of the subsidy and/or any other time-limits attached to it**

1 January 2000 to the present.

10. **Statistical data permitting an assessment of the trade effects of a subsidy**

Not available.
59 PREFERENTIAL TAX POLICIES ON IMPORTS OF SEEDS (SEEDLINGS), BREEDING STOCK (FOWL), FISH FRIES (BREEDS) AND WILD ANIMALS AND PLANTS KEPT AS BREEDS DURING THE PERIOD OF THE "ELEVENTH FIVE-YEAR PLAN" AND "TWELFTH FIVE-YEAR PLAN"

1. **Title of the subsidy programme**

Preferential tax policies on imports of seeds (seedlings), breeding stock (fowl), fish fries (breeds) and wild animals and plants kept as breeds during the period of the "Eleventh Five-Year Plan" and "Twelfth Five-Year Plan".

2. **Period covered by the notification**

2009-2014

3. **Policy objective and/or purpose of the subsidy**

To introduce and promote improved breeds, to strengthen the protection of species resources, and to develop high-quality, productive and efficient agriculture and forestry industries.

4. **Background and authority for the subsidy**

MOF, GAC, MOF.

5. **Legislation under which it is granted**

MOF Circular Cai Guan Shui No.3 of 2006; MOF Circular Cai Guan Shui No.9 of 2011.

6. **Form of the subsidy**

 Preferential tax treatment.

7. **To whom and how the subsidy is provided**

The import VAT on imported seeds (seedlings), breeding stock (fowl), fish fries (breeds) and wild animals and plants kept as breeds which are within the approved quantity and scope shall be exempted.

8. **Subsidy per unit, or in cases where this is not possible, the total amount or the annual amount budgeted for that subsidy**

Not available.

9. **Duration of the subsidy and/or any other time-limits attached to it**

2006 to the present.

10. **Statistical data permitting an assessment of the trade effects of a subsidy**

Not available.
60 PREFERENTIAL TAX TREATMENT FOR ENDANGERED WILD ANIMALS AND PLANTS AS WELL AS THEIR PRODUCTS RETURNED BY FOREIGN GOVERNMENTS, BY THE GOVERNMENT OF HONG KONG SAR, CHINA OR THE GOVERNMENT OF MACAO SAR, CHINA TO CHINA

1. Title of the subsidy programme
Preferential tax treatment for endangered wild animals and plants as well as their products returned by foreign governments, by the government of Hong Kong SAR, China or the government of Macao SAR, China to China.

2. Period covered by the notification
2009-2014

3. Policy objective and/or purpose of the subsidy
To facilitate the implementation of the Convention on International Trade in Endangered Species of Wild Fauna and Flora and to protect wild animals and plants.

4. Background and authority for the subsidy
MOF, GAC, SFA.

5. Legislation under which it is granted
MOF Circular Cai Shui No.8 of 2003.

6. Form of the subsidy
Preferential tax treatment.

7. To whom and how the subsidy is provided
Tariff and import VAT on the endangered wild animals and plants as well as their products which are listed in the appendix to the Convention on International Trade in Endangered Species of Wild Fauna and Flora, returned by foreign governments, by the government of Hong Kong SAR, China, or by the government of Macao SAR, China to the Office of the Administration of Import and Export of Endangered Species under the SFA shall be exempted.

8. Subsidy per unit, or in cases where this is not possible, the total amount or the annual amount budgeted for that subsidy
Not available.

9. Duration of the subsidy and/or any other time-limits attached to it
1 January 2002 to the present.

10. Statistical data permitting an assessment of the trade effects of a subsidy
Not available.

61 PREFERENTIAL TAX TREATMENT FOR IMPORT OF EQUIPMENTS

1. Title of the subsidy programme
Preferential tax treatment for import of equipments.

2. Period covered by the notification
2009-2014
3. **Policy objective and/or purpose of the subsidy**

To attract foreign investment, to encourage domestic investment and to stimulate structural adjustment and industrial upgrading.

4. **Background and authority for the subsidy**

MOF, SAT, GAC.

5. **Legislation under which it is granted**

MOF, GAC, SAT Announcement No. 43 of 2008.

6. **Form of the subsidy**

Preferential tax treatment.

7. **To whom and how the subsidy is provided**

Tariff on the equipments imported for self use by domestically and foreign-invested projects encouraged by the State pursuant to Circular of the State Council on the Adjustment of Taxation Policies for Imported Equipments (Guo Fa [1997] No. 37); imported for the projects using loans provided by foreign governments or international financial organizations, and non-priced equipment imported from foreign processing merchants shall be exempted within the originally prescribed scope.

8. **Subsidy per unit, or in cases where this is not possible, the total amount or the annual amount budgeted for that subsidy**

Not available.

9. **Duration of the subsidy and/or any other time-limits attached to it**

1998 to the present.

10. **Statistical data permitting an assessment of the trade effects of a subsidy**

Not available.

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**62 SUBSIDY FOR SCRAPPING OLD VEHICLES**

1. **Title of the subsidy programme**

Subsidy for scrapping old vehicles.

2. **Period covered by the notification**

2009-2014

3. **Policy objective and/or purpose of the subsidy**

To encourage people to replace their old vehicles.

4. **Background and authority for the subsidy**

MOF, MOFCOM.

5. **Legislation under which it is granted**

MOF Circular Cai Jian No. 742 of 2002; 
MOF Circular Cai Jian No. 183 of 2013;
6. **Form of the subsidy**

Financial appropriations.

7. **To whom and how the subsidy is provided**

Eligible old car owners of may be subsidized when scrapping their old vehicles.

8. **Subsidy per unit, or in cases where this is not possible, the total amount or the annual amount budgeted for that subsidy**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>2009</th>
<th>2010</th>
<th>2011</th>
<th>2012</th>
<th>2013</th>
<th>2014</th>
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<td>300</td>
<td>300</td>
<td>300</td>
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</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

9. **Duration of the subsidy and/or any other time-limits attached to it**

2002 to the present.

10. **Statistical data permitting an assessment of the trade effects of a subsidy**

Not available.

**63 PREFERENTIAL CONSUMPTION TAX ON REFINED OIL**

1. **Title of the subsidy programme**

 Preferential consumption tax on refined oil.

2. **Period covered by the notification**

2009-2014

3. **Policy objective and/or purpose of the subsidy**

To facilitate the sound development of olefin chemical industry and fair competition among enterprises producing like products.

4. **Background and authority for the subsidy**

MOF, SAT.

5. **Legislation under which it is granted**

MOF Circular Cai Shui No. 19 of 2008;
MOF Circular Cai Shui No. 168 of 2008;
MOF Circular Cai Shui No. 66 of 2010;
MOF Circular Cai Shui No. 87 of 2011.

6. **Form of the subsidy**

Preferential tax treatment.

7. **To whom and how the subsidy is provided**

1) The consumption tax on imported and domestic naphtha used for raw materials of ethylene and aromatic products shall be exempted;
2) The consumption tax on imported and domestic fuel oil used for raw materials of ethylene and aromatic products and other chemical products shall be exempted;
3) From 1 January 2010 to 31 December 2010, the consumption tax on domestic fuel oil used for raw materials of ethylene and aromatic products and other chemical products shall be exempted, while the consumption tax on the imported fuel oil used for the raw materials of ethylene and aromatic products and other chemical products shall be returned;

4) From 1 October 2011, the consumption tax will be reimposed on the enterprises producing naphtha and fuel oil (hereinafter referred to as the production enterprises) which sell naphtha and fuel oil used for producing ethylene and aromatic hydrocarbon chemical products; the consumption tax on the production enterprises producing ethylene and aromatic hydrocarbon chemical products by using self-produced naphtha and fuel oil shall be temporarily exempted according to the actual consumption quantity; for the consumption tax on the enterprises which produce ethylene and aromatic products by using naphtha and fuel oil purchase and use the same to produce the ethylene and aromatic hydrocarbon chemical products shall be temporarily returned according to the actual consumption quantity. From 1 January to 30 September 2011, the consumption tax on the production enterprises selling naphtha and fuel oil to other enterprises to produce ethylene and aromatic hydrocarbon chemical products shall still be exempted according to the provisions of relevant documents. From 1 January to 30 September 2011, the consumption tax on the enterprises purchasing naphtha and fuel oil whose prices include the consumption tax to produce ethylene and aromatic hydrocarbon chemical products shall be returned according to relevant stipulations.

8. **Subsidy per unit, or in cases where this is not possible, the total amount or the annual amount budgeted for that subsidy**

   Not available.

9. **Duration of the subsidy and/or any other time-limits attached to it**

   From 1 January 2008 to the present.

10. **Statistical data permitting an assessment of the trade effects of a subsidy**

    Not available.

**64 PREFERENTIAL TAX POLICIES FOR INTEGRATED CIRCUIT INDUSTRY**

1. **Title of the subsidy programme**
   
   Preferential tax policies for integrated circuit industry.

2. **Period covered by the notification**

   2009-2014

3. **Policy objective and/or purpose of the subsidy**

   To encourage the development of integrated circuit industry.

4. **Background and authority for the subsidy**

   MOF, SAT.

5. **Legislation under which it is granted**

   MOF Decree No.62 of 2001;
   MOF Circular Cai Shui No.70 of 2002;
   MOF Circular Cai Shui No.136 of 2002;
   MOF Circular Cai Shui No.152 of 2002;
   MOF Circular Cai Guan Shui No.45 of 2004;
   Law of the People's Republic of China on Enterprise Income Tax (2007);
   MOF Circular Cai Shui No.1 of 2008;
   MOF GAC SAT Announcement No.43 of 2008;
   State Council Circular Guo Fa No.4 of 2011;
MOF Circular Cai Shui No.27 of 2012; MOF Circular Cai Shui No.6 of 2015.

6. **Form of the subsidy**

Preferential tax treatment.

7. **To whom and how the subsidy is provided**

1) The enterprise income tax on an investor of an integrated circuit producing or packaging enterprise who reinvests its share of profit obtained from the enterprise after paying income tax, directly into that enterprises to increase its registered capital, or uses the profit as capital investment to establish other integrated circuit producing or packaging enterprises with an operating period of no less than 5 years, shall be refunded at a rate of 40 % of the income tax already paid on their invested amount.

2) The enterprise income tax on a domestic or foreign economic entity who uses its share of profit obtained inside China after paying the income tax as capital investment to establish integrated circuit producing or packaging enterprises in the western regions with an operating period of no less than 5 years, shall be refunded at a rate of 80 % of the income tax already paid on the reinvested amount.

3) The integrated circuit producing enterprises with investment of more than RMB 8 billion or producing integrated circuit with a line width less than 0.25 um shall enjoy the same preferential tax treatment as that to encourage foreign investment in energy and transportation sectors before 2008, i.e. enterprise income tax shall be levied at the reduced rate of 15%. Enterprises with an operating period of no less than 15 years shall, starting from the year beginning to make profit, be exempted from enterprise income tax in the first year through the fifth year and allowed a tax reduction by half in the sixth year through the tenth year (5 years of exemption and 5 years of reduction by half).

4) The specified imported raw materials and consumables for self production from 1 July 2000 and the specified special building materials, and parts and components of integrated circuit manufacturing equipments from 1 January 2001 by the integrated circuit producing enterprises with investment of more than RMB 8 billion or producing integrated circuit with a line width less than 0.25 um shall be exempted from tariff from 1 January 2001 to the present and from import VAT from 1 January 2001 to 31 December 2008.

5) The income tax on the recognized integrated circuit producing enterprises producing integrated circuit with a line width less than 0.8 um shall, starting from the year beginning to make profit, be exempted from in the first and second years and allowed a tax reduction by half in the third year through the fifth year (2 years of exemption and 3 years of reduction by half).

6) The specified imported raw materials and consumables for self production from 1 October 2004 by the integrated circuit producing enterprises producing integrated circuit with a line width less than 0.25 um shall be exempted from tariff from 1 October 2004 to the present and from import VAT from 1 October 2004 to 31 December 2008.

7) Imported technology and complete production units of integrated circuit, and separately imported special equipment and apparatus for integrated circuit by the recognized integrated circuit producing enterprises shall be exempted from tariff from 1 July 2000 to the present, and from import VAT from 1 July 2000 to 31 December 2008, except for those listed in the Catalogue for the imported products not subject to tax exemption in foreign invested projects or in the Catalogue for the imported products not subject to tax exemption in domestic invested projects.

8) The depreciation period for manufacturing equipment of integrated circuit producing enterprises may be appropriately shortened upon approval, with the shortest depreciation period of 2 to 3 years.

9) The eligible integrated circuit packaging and testing enterprises, the enterprises manufacturing the key special-purpose materials for integrated circuits, and the enterprises manufacturing the key equipments for integrated circuits shall, starting from the year beginning to make profit, be exempted from the enterprise income tax in the first and second years and allowed a reduction by half in the third year through the fifth years till its expiration on them. Among these enterprises, for those that have not started to enjoy the treatment due to the fact that they have made no profit before 2017, the starting year for them to enjoy the treatment shall be 2017 till its expiration on them.
8. **Subsidy per unit, or in cases where this is not possible, the total amount or the annual amount budgeted for that subsidy**

Not available.

9. **Duration of the subsidy and/or any other time-limits attached to it**

1) 1 January 2008 to the end of 2010;
2) 1 January 2008 to the end of 2010;
3) 1 January 2008 to the present;
4) 1 July 2000 to the present, or 1 January 2001 to the present;
5) 2008 to the present;
6) 1 October 2004 to the present;
7) 1 July 2000 to the present;
8) 1 January 2008 to the present;
9) 1 July 2014 to the present.

10. **Statistical data permitting an assessment of the trade effects of a subsidy**

Not available.

65 **FUND FOR RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT OF INTEGRATED CIRCUIT INDUSTRY**

1. **Title of the subsidy programme**

Fund for research and development of integrated circuit industry.

2. **Period covered by the notification**

2009-2014

3. **Policy objective and/or purpose of the subsidy**

To support the research and development of integrated circuit industry.

4. **Background and authority for the subsidy**

MOF, NDRC, MIIT.

5. **Legislation under which it is granted**


6. **Form of the subsidy**

Financial appropriations.

7. **To whom and how the subsidy is provided**

Grants are provided to eligible projects of enterprises which are independent legal persons engaged in the design, manufacturing, packaging or testing of integrated circuits and registered within the territory of the People's Republic of China (excluding Hong Kong, China; Macao, China and Chinese Taipei). The amount of aid to a single research and development project shall not exceed 50% of the cost of such an R&D activity.
8. **Subsidy per unit, or in cases where this is not possible, the total amount or the annual amount budgeted for that subsidy**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>2009</th>
<th>2010</th>
<th>2011</th>
<th>2012</th>
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<td>450</td>
<td>450</td>
<td>450</td>
<td>400</td>
<td>450</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

9. **Duration of the subsidy and/or any other time-limits attached to it**

June 2005 to the present.

10. **Statistical data permitting an assessment of the trade effects of a subsidy**

Not available.

**66 FUND FOR THE DEVELOPMENT OF ELECTRICAL INFORMATION INDUSTRY**

1. **Title of the subsidy programme**

Fund for the development of electrical information industry.

2. **Period covered by the notification**

2009-2014

3. **Policy objective and/or purpose of the subsidy**

To support research and development activities of the electrical information industry.

4. **Background and authority for the subsidy**

MOF, MIIT.

5. **Legislation under which it is granted**


6. **Form of the subsidy**

Financial appropriations.

7. **To whom and how the subsidy is provided**

This fund is provided in the form of grants, interest discounts or venture capital investment to project undertakers identified after application review or bidding procedures.

8. **Subsidy per unit, or in cases where this is not possible, the total amount or the annual amount budgeted for that subsidy**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>2009</th>
<th>2010</th>
<th>2011</th>
<th>2012</th>
<th>2013</th>
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<td>835</td>
<td>785</td>
<td>835</td>
</tr>
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</table>

9. **Duration of the subsidy and/or any other time-limits attached to it**

1986 to the present.

10. **Statistical data permitting an assessment of the trade effects of a subsidy**

Not available.
67 FUND FOR HIGH TECHNOLOGY R&D FOR PACKAGING INDUSTRY

1. **Title of the subsidy programme**
   Fund for high technology R&D for packaging industry.

2. **Period covered by the notification**
   2009-2014

3. **Policy objective and/or purpose of the subsidy**
   To support the research and development activities of packaging industry, and promote the development of recycling economy and green packaging.

4. **Background and authority for the subsidy**
   MOF.

5. **Legislation under which it is granted**

6. **Form of the subsidy**
   Financial appropriations.

7. **To whom and how the subsidy is provided**
   The fund is provided in the form of grants and interest discounts to eligible enterprises with projects identified upon application filing and review by experts. The amount of aid to a single project shall not exceed RMB 5 million or the capital invested by the enterprises themselves. The period for each project to enjoy interest discount shall be no more than 2 years and the total amount of interest discount that each project receives shall be no more than RMB 5 million.

8. **Subsidy per unit, or in cases where this is not possible, the total amount or the annual amount budgeted for that subsidy**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>2009</th>
<th>2010</th>
<th>2011</th>
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<td>50</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>120</td>
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9. **Duration of the subsidy and/or any other time-limits attached to it**
   2005 to the present.

10. **Statistical data permitting an assessment of the trade effects of a subsidy**
   Not available.

68 SUBSIDY FUND FOR JINTAIYANG (GOLDEN SUN) DEMONSTRATION PROJECT

1. **Title of the subsidy programme**
   Subsidy fund for Jintaiyang (Golden Sun) Demonstration Project.

2. **Period covered by the notification**
   2009-2014
3. **Policy objective and/or purpose of the subsidy**

To promote the use of renewable energy and preserve the ecological environment.

4. **Background and authority for the subsidy**

MOF, MOST, National Energy Administration (NEA)

5. **Legislation under which it is granted**

MOF Circular Cai Jian No. 397 of 2009; State Council Circular Guo Fa No. 24 of 2013.

6. **Form of the subsidy**

Financial appropriations.

7. **To whom and how the subsidy is provided**

The demonstration projects of photovoltaic power generation which are eligible for the fund include:

1. The demonstration projects of user side-grid-connected photovoltaic power generation built by using the existing conditions of large industrial and mining, commercial enterprises and public welfare entities;
2. The demonstration projects of photovoltaic, wind-solar complementary and water-solar complementary power generation for the purposes of improving power supply capacity of remote areas and supplying electricity to the population having no access to electricity;
3. The demonstration projects of large grid-connection photovoltaic power generation constructed in the areas with rich solar energy resources;
4. The industrialization of key technologies in photovoltaic power generation, including silicon material purification, controlling inverter, grid-connected operation and etc.;
5. Fundamental capacity building of photovoltaic power generation, including solar energy resources evaluation, establishment of standards and norms for photovoltaic power generation products and grid-connected technology, construction of testing and certification systems and etc..

8. **Subsidy per unit, or in cases where this is not possible, the total amount or the annual amount budgeted for that subsidy**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>2009</th>
<th>2010</th>
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<th>2012</th>
<th>2013</th>
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<td>3,943.58</td>
<td>5,307.62</td>
<td>10,975.19</td>
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9. **Duration of the subsidy and/or any other time-limits attached to it**

2009-2012

10. **Statistical data permitting an assessment of the trade effects of a subsidy**

Not available.

**SUBSIDY FUND FOR ENERGY-ORIENTED UTILIZATION OF STRAW**

1. **Title of the subsidy programme**

Subsidy fund for energy-oriented utilization of straw.

2. **Period covered by the notification**

2009-2014
3. **Policy objective and/or purpose of the subsidy**

To facilitate the energy-oriented utilization of straw and save energy.

4. **Background and authority for the subsidy**

MOF.

5. **Legislation under which it is granted**


6. **Form of the subsidy**

Financial appropriations.

7. **To whom and how the subsidy is provided**

Grants are provided to the eligible enterprises which are engaged in the straw energy-oriented production including straw briquetting fuel, straw gasification and straw carbonization by the central finance according to the types and quantity of consumed straw which are converted from the types and quantity of annually actually sold straw energy products by the enterprises for each year.

8. **Subsidy per unit, or in cases where this is not possible, the total amount or the annual amount budgeted for that subsidy**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>2009</th>
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<tr>
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<tr>
<td>2009</td>
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<td>230.87</td>
<td>270.56</td>
<td>213.43</td>
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</table>

9. **Duration of the subsidy and/or any other time-limits attached to it**

November 2008 to 2013.

10. **Statistical data permitting an assessment of the trade effects of a subsidy**

Not available.

**70 SUBSIDY FUND FOR BIO-ENERGY AND BIOCHEMICAL RAW MATERIALS BASES**

1. **Title of the subsidy programme**

Subsidy fund for bio-energy and biochemical raw materials bases.

2. **Period covered by the notification**

2009-2014

3. **Policy objective and/or purpose of the subsidy**

To guarantee the development of bio-energy and the supply of biochemical raw materials, and make sure that the development of bio-energy and biochemical industry will not occupy the land for grain.

4. **Background and authority for the subsidy**

MOF.
5. **Legislation under which it is granted**

MOF Circular Cai Jian No. 435 of 2007;
MOF Circular Cai Jian No. 87 of 2015.

6. **Form of the subsidy**

Financial appropriations.

7. **To whom and how the subsidy is provided**

The eligible bio-energy and biochemical raw materials bases conducting the following activities are eligible for the fund:
1) Productive outlays related to raw materials bases including seeds (sprout) breeding, planting, tending management, land levelling etc.;
2) Management costs related to raw materials bases including for technical guidance, project acceptance, supervision and inspection, program review and approval etc.;
3) Other expenses related to bio-energy and biochemical industry approved by MOF.

The specific subsidy standards are as follows:
The subsidy standard for raw material base of forestry is RMB 200/mu and the amount of subsidy shall be checked and verified by MOF based on such standard and the verified implementation plans of raw material bases;
In principle, the subsidy standard for raw material base of agriculture is RMB 180 /mu, and the specific standard will be determined according to different types of land such as saline and alkaline land and sandy bad lands; the amount of subsidy shall be checked and verified by MOF based on specific standard and the verified implementation plans of raw material bases.

8. **Subsidy per unit, or in cases where this is not possible, the total amount or the annual amount budgeted for that subsidy**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
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<td>30.21</td>
<td>125.70</td>
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</table>

9. **Duration of the subsidy and/or any other time-limits attached to it**

September 2007 to the present.

10. **Statistical data permitting an assessment of the trade effects of a subsidy**

Not available.

**71 INCENTIVE FUND FOR NON-GRAIN GUIDED BIO-ENERGY AND BIOCHEMICAL INDUSTRY**

1. **Title of the subsidy programme**

Incentive fund for non-grain guided bio-energy and biochemical industry.

2. **Period covered by the notification**

2009-2014

3. **Policy objective and/or purpose of the subsidy**

To support the bio-energy and biochemical industry with non-grain raw materials to expand production, optimize production processes and promote the sound development of bio-energy and biochemical industry.
4. **Background and authority for the subsidy**

MOF.

5. **Legislation under which it is granted**

MOF Circular Cai Jian No. 282 of 2007;
MOF Circular Cai Jian No. 87 of 2015.

6. **Form of the subsidy**

Financial appropriations.

7. **To whom and how the subsidy is provided**

The eligible enterprises which are engaged in the following projects may apply for interest discount during the period of construction and rewards after the construction is completed and the project are put into production:

1) Expanded production demonstration of ethyl alcohol produced by straw wood-like fibre;
2) Expanded production demonstration of ethyl alcohol produced by sorgho;
3) Further technical innovation and optimized production process demonstration of ethyl alcohol produced by potatoes;
4) Expanded production demonstration of biodiesel with the fruit of trees as raw materials;
5) Co-production and expanded production demonstration of biochemical industry and bio-energy, which extends the processing chain and increases industrial added value;
6) Other optimized process or expanded production demonstrations of bio-energy and biochemical industry with non-grain as raw materials which are approved by MOF.

8. **Subsidy per unit, or in cases where this is not possible, the total amount or the annual amount budgeted for that subsidy**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>2009</th>
<th>2010</th>
<th>2011</th>
<th>2012</th>
<th>2013</th>
<th>2014</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>90.24</td>
<td>59.40</td>
<td>29.45</td>
<td>110.21</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

9. **Duration of the subsidy and/or any other time-limits attached to it**

July 2007 to the present.

10. **Statistical data permitting an assessment of the trade effects of a subsidy**

Not available.

### 72 INCENTIVE FUND FOR TRANSFORMATION OF ENERGY-SAVING TECHNOLOGY

1. **Title of the subsidy programme**

Incentive fund for transformation of energy-saving technology.

2. **Period covered by the notification**

2009-2014

3. **Policy objective and/or purpose of the subsidy**

To encourage the enterprises to save energy consumption through technical transformation.

4. **Background and authority for the subsidy**

MOF, NDRC.
5. **Legislation under which it is granted**

MOF Circular Cai Jian No. 371 of 2007;
MOF Circular Cai Jian No. 367 of 2011;
MOF Circular Cai Jian No. 161 of 2015.

6. **Form of the subsidy**

Financial appropriations.

7. **To whom and how the subsidy is provided**

The enterprises which implement the transformation of energy-saving technology are eligible for the incentives based on the amount of energy saved and specified standard.

8. **Subsidy per unit, or in cases where this is not possible, the total amount or the annual amount budgeted for that subsidy**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>2009</th>
<th>2010</th>
<th>2011</th>
<th>2012</th>
<th>2013</th>
<th>2014</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Unit:</td>
<td>RMB</td>
<td>million</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Not Applicable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>355.37</td>
<td>4,172.77</td>
<td>4,162.34</td>
<td>864.74</td>
<td>429.65</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

9. **Duration of the subsidy and/or any other time-limits attached to it**

2007-2013

10. **Statistical data permitting an assessment of the trade effects of a subsidy**

Not available.

**73 PROMOTION FUND FOR EFFICIENT LIGHTING PRODUCTS**

1. **Title of the subsidy programme**

Promotion fund for efficient lighting products.

2. **Period covered by the notification**

2009-2014

3. **Policy objective and/or purpose of the subsidy**

To support the promotion and application of efficient lighting products.

4. **Background and authority for the subsidy**

MOF, NDRC.

5. **Legislation under which it is granted**


6. **Form of the subsidy**

Financial appropriations.

7. **To whom and how the subsidy is provided**

Grants are provided to the bid-winning enterprises by MOF, the enterprises may sell the efficient lighting products at the price from the supply price in the bid-winning agreement deducted by the financial subsidies.
8. Subsidy per unit, or in cases where this is not possible, the total amount or the annual amount budgeted for that subsidy

December 2007 to 2014.

9. Duration of the subsidy and/or any other time-limits attached to it

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>2009</th>
<th>2010</th>
<th>2011</th>
<th>2012</th>
<th>2013</th>
<th>2014</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Value</td>
<td>320.22</td>
<td>1,007.17</td>
<td>948.46</td>
<td>1,585.34</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Unit: million RMB

10. Statistical data permitting an assessment of the trade effects of a subsidy

Not available.

**74 SUBSIDY FUND FOR THE PROMOTION OF ENERGY-SAVING PRODUCTS**

1. Title of the subsidy programme

Subsidy fund for the promotion of energy-saving products.

2. Period covered by the notification

2009-2014

3. Policy objective and/or purpose of the subsidy

To support the promotion and application of efficient lighting products, and improve energy efficiency level for energy-using products.

4. Background and authority for the subsidy

MOF, NDRC.

5. Legislation under which it is granted


6. Form of the subsidy

Financial appropriations.

7. To whom and how the subsidy is provided

Grants are provided to the consumers purchasing the efficient energy-saving products by the central finance, which will first be paid to the consumer, and then reimbursed by the financial departments to the enterprises.

8. Subsidy per unit, or in cases where this is not possible, the total amount or the annual amount budgeted for that subsidy

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>2009</th>
<th>2010</th>
<th>2011</th>
<th>2012</th>
<th>2013</th>
<th>2014</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Value</td>
<td>2,369.40</td>
<td>12,601.78</td>
<td>15,391.18</td>
<td>18,005.21</td>
<td>26,296.63</td>
<td>6,732.37</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Unit: million RMB

9. Duration of the subsidy and/or any other time-limits attached to it

May 2009 to the present.
10. **Statistical data permitting an assessment of the trade effects of a subsidy**
   
   Not available.

### 75 SUBSIDY FUND FOR THE RENEWABLE ENERGY-SAVING BUILDING MATERIALS

1. **Title of the subsidy programme**
   
   Subsidy fund for the renewable energy-saving building materials.

2. **Period covered by the notification**
   
   2009-2014

3. **Policy objective and/or purpose of the subsidy**
   
   To support the treatment and recycling of construction wastes of Wenchuan earthquake, and support the production, promotion and utilization of renewable energy-saving building materials.

4. **Background and authority for the subsidy**
   
   MOF.

5. **Legislation under which it is granted**
   

6. **Form of the subsidy**
   
   Financial appropriations.

7. **To whom and how the subsidy is provided**
   
   1) Loans with discounted interest shall be granted to the enterprises engaged in the production of renewable energy-saving building materials;
   
   2) Incentives shall be given to the projects of promotion and utilization of renewable energy-saving building materials.

8. **Subsidy per unit, or in cases where this is not possible, the total amount or the annual amount budgeted for that subsidy**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>2009</th>
<th>2010</th>
<th>2011</th>
<th>2012</th>
<th>2013</th>
<th>2014</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

9. **Duration of the subsidy and/or any other time-limits attached to it**

   2008 to the present.

10. **Statistical data permitting an assessment of the trade effects of a subsidy**

    Not available.

### 76 SPECIAL FUND FOR ENERGY CONSERVATION AND EMISSION REDUCTION OF COMMUNICATION AND TRANSPORTATION

1. **Title of the subsidy programme**

   Special fund for energy conservation and emission reduction of communication and transportation.
2. Period covered by the notification

2009-2014

3. Policy objective and/or purpose of the subsidy

To promote the energy conservation and emission reduction of communication and transportation.

4. Background and authority for the subsidy

MOF, Ministry of Transport (MOT).

5. Legislation under which it is granted

MOF Circular Cai Jian No. 374 of 2011;
MOF Circular Cai Jian No. 654 of 2014.

6. Form of the subsidy

Financial appropriations.

7. To whom and how the subsidy is provided

Rewards instead of Grants are provided to the eligible enterprises and public service institutions engaged in energy conservation and emission reduction of communication and transportation for highway and waterway. By MOF and MOT, with the subsidized amount comprehensively measured and determined based on the nature of projects, aggregate investment, actual amount of conserved energy and reduced emission, and the social effect generated.

8. Subsidy per unit, or in cases where this is not possible, the total amount or the annual amount budgeted for that subsidy

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>2009</th>
<th>2010</th>
<th>2011</th>
<th>2012</th>
<th>2013</th>
<th>2014</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Not Applicable</td>
<td>Not Applicable</td>
<td>248.14</td>
<td>497.66</td>
<td>748.65</td>
<td>749.65</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

9. Duration of the subsidy and/or any other time-limits attached to it

2011 to 31 December 2018.

10. Statistical data permitting an assessment of the trade effects of a subsidy

Not available.

77 SUBSIDY FUND FOR SHIP-TYPE STANDARDIZATION OF THE MAIN LINE OF THE YANGTZE RIVER

1. Title of the subsidy programme

Subsidy fund for ship-type standardization of the main line of the Yangtze River.

2. Period covered by the notification

2009-2014

3. Policy objective and/or purpose of the subsidy

To promote shipping structure adjustment in the main line of the Yangtze River, improve the lock throughput efficiency and facilitate the waterway development of the main line of the Yangtze River.
4. **Background and authority for the subsidy**

MOF, MOT.

5. **Legislation under which it is granted**

MOF Circular Cai Jian No. 46 of 2010.

6. **Form of the subsidy**

Financial appropriations.

7. **To whom and how the subsidy is provided**

From 1 October 2009 to 31 December 2013, fund is provided to the eligible ship-owners of disassembled or remoulded vessels, with the specific amount determined based on the tonnage of disassembled or remoulded vessels and other factors.

8. **Subsidy per unit, or in cases where this is not possible, the total amount or the annual amount budgeted for that subsidy**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>2009</th>
<th>2010</th>
<th>2011</th>
<th>2012</th>
<th>2013</th>
<th>2014</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Not Applicable</td>
<td>300</td>
<td>320</td>
<td>300</td>
<td>34</td>
<td>Not Applicable</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Unit: million RMB

9. **Duration of the subsidy and/or any other time-limits attached to it**

1 October 2009 to 31 December 2013.

10. **Statistical data permitting an assessment of the trade effects of a subsidy**

Not available.

---

**78 SUBSIDY FUND FOR SHIP-TYPE STANDARDIZATION OF IN-LAND RIVER**

1. **Title of the subsidy programme**

Subsidy fund for ship-type standardization of in-land river.

2. **Period covered by the notification**

2009-2014

3. **Policy objective and/or purpose of the subsidy**

To promote shipping structure adjustment of in-land river, improve the lock throughput efficiency and facilitate the development of in-land water transportation.

4. **Background and authority for the subsidy**

MOF, MOT.

5. **Legislation under which it is granted**

MOF Circular Cai Jian No. 61 of 2014.

6. **Form of the subsidy**

Financial appropriations.
7. To whom and how the subsidy is provided

From 1 October 2013 to 31 December 2015, fund is provided to the eligible ship-owners of disassembled or remoulded vessels and waterway transport operators of newly-built demonstration ships, with the specific amount determined based on the tonnage of disassembled or remoulded vessel and other factors.

8. Subsidy per unit, or in cases where this is not possible, the total amount or the annual amount budgeted for that subsidy

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>2009</th>
<th>2010</th>
<th>2011</th>
<th>2012</th>
<th>2013</th>
<th>2014</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Not Applicable</td>
<td>Not Applicable</td>
<td>Not Applicable</td>
<td>Not Applicable</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1,500</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

9. Duration of the subsidy and/or any other time-limits attached to it

1 October 2013 to 31 December 2015.

10. Statistical data permitting an assessment of the trade effects of a subsidy

Not available.

79 SPECIAL FUND FOR THE DEVELOPMENT OF CIRCULAR ECONOMY

1. Title of the subsidy programme

Special fund for the development of circular economy.

2. Period covered by the notification

2009-2014

3. Policy objective and/or purpose of the subsidy

To promote the development of circular economy, improve the resources-utilizing efficiency, protect and improve the environment, and achieve sustainable development.

4. Background and authority for the subsidy

MOF, NDRC.

5. Legislation under which it is granted

MOF Circular Cai Jian No. 616 of 2012.

6. Form of the subsidy

Financial appropriations.

7. To whom and how the subsidy is provided

Fund support is provided to the key projects of circular economy and technologies and products related to circular economy, specifically as follows:
1) Comprehensive financial subsidy combining appropriation in advance and settlement shall be available for the construction of national "urban mining" demonstration bases;
2) Support to resource utilization and harmless treatment of kitchen wastes, and demonstration of recycling transformation of industrial parks shall refer to that for the national "urban mining" demonstration bases;
3) Support to re-manufacturing shall mainly take the form of subsidizing the collection of old products and the promotion and industrialized development of remanufactured products;
4) Support to the demonstration and promotion of clean production technologies shall take the forms of government procurement of the technologies for popularization across the entire industry free of charge, or providing a certain proportion of subsidy to the projects.

8. **Subsidy per unit, or in cases where this is not possible, the total amount or the annual amount budgeted for that subsidy**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>2009</th>
<th>2010</th>
<th>2011</th>
<th>2012</th>
<th>2013</th>
<th>2014</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Not Applicable</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>1,277.92</td>
<td>1,072.48</td>
<td>785.78</td>
<td>650</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

9. **Duration of the subsidy and/or any other time-limits attached to it**

2010 to the present.

10. **Statistical data permitting an assessment of the trade effects of a subsidy**

Not available.

---

**80 SUBSIDY FUND GRANTED BY THE CENTRAL FINANCE TO CLOSE SMALL ENTERPRISES**

1. **Title of the subsidy programme**

Subsidy fund granted by the central finance to close small enterprises.

2. **Period covered by the notification**

2009-2014

3. **Policy objective and/or purpose of the subsidy**

To promote industrial restructuring, optimization and upgrading, and save energy and resources.

4. **Background and authority for the subsidy**

MOF, MIIT.

5. **Legislation under which it is granted**

MOF Circular Cai Qi No. 231 of 2010.

6. **Form of the subsidy**

Financial appropriations.

7. **To whom and how the subsidy is provided**

The fund is allocated by the central finance to provincial-level finance departments, who together with competent departments of industry and information technology formulate and organize to implement specific plans for using the fund, and timely allocate the fund to relevant enterprises. The fund is mainly used for the replacement of employees from closed enterprises, and other expenses.

8. **Subsidy per unit, or in cases where this is not possible, the total amount or the annual amount budgeted for that subsidy**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>2009</th>
<th>2010</th>
<th>2011</th>
<th>2012</th>
<th>2013</th>
<th>2014</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Not Applicable</td>
<td>1,474.79</td>
<td>1,720.08</td>
<td>2,885.47</td>
<td>2,530.49</td>
<td>2,700.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
9. **Duration of the subsidy and/or any other time-limits attached to it**

   September 2010 to 2014.

10. **Statistical data permitting an assessment of the trade effects of a subsidy**

    Not available.

---

**81 SPECIAL FUND FOR THE DEVELOPMENT OF STRATEGIC EMERGING INDUSTRY**

1. **Title of the subsidy programme**

   Special fund for the development of strategic emerging industry.

2. **Period covered by the notification**

   2009-2014

3. **Policy objective and/or purpose of the subsidy**

   To promoting the breakthrough and industrialization of key and critical technologies to realize innovation-driven development.

4. **Background and authority for the subsidy**

   MOF, NDRC.

5. **Legislation under which it is granted**

   MOF Circular Cai Jian No. 1111 of 2012.

6. **Form of the subsidy**

   Financial appropriations.

7. **To whom and how the subsidy is provided**

   Support is provided to the development of emerging industries by granting subsidy, purchasing the shares of start-up investment funds, and other forms.

8. **Subsidy per unit, or in cases where this is not possible, the total amount or the annual amount budgeted for that subsidy**

   Unit: million RMB

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>2009</th>
<th>2010</th>
<th>2011</th>
<th>2012</th>
<th>2013</th>
<th>2014</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Not Applicable</td>
<td>Not Applicable</td>
<td>Not Applicable</td>
<td>7,000</td>
<td>8,000</td>
<td>8,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

9. **Duration of the subsidy and/or any other time-limits attached to it**

   December 2012 to the present.

10. **Statistical data permitting an assessment of the trade effects of a subsidy**

    Not available.

---

**82 SUBSIDY FUND FOR PRODUCING GOODS SPECIALLY NEEDED BY THE ETHNIC MINORITIES**

1. **Title of the subsidy programme**

   Subsidy fund for producing goods specially needed by the ethnic minorities.
2. **Period covered by the notification**

2009-2014

3. **Policy objective and/or purpose of the subsidy**

To satisfy the special consumption needs of ethnic minorities people, and promote the economic development and social stability of the regions inhabited by ethnic minorities.

4. **Background and authority for the subsidy**

MOF.

5. **Legislation under which it is granted**


6. **Form of the subsidy**

Financial appropriations.

7. **To whom and how the subsidy is provided**

The enterprises manufacturing goods specially needed by the ethnic minorities and meeting the following conditions may apply for the fund. The fund is mainly used for subsidizing the development of production such as technical improvement, technical promotion and technical training at the enterprises manufacturing goods specially needed by the ethnic minorities, like border-selling tea, the production tools specially needed by ethnic minorities, arts and crafts of ethnic minorities, articles used for culture and sports activities of ethnic minorities, OTC drugs of ethnic groups etc.

8. **Subsidy per unit, or in cases where this is not possible, the total amount or the annual amount budgeted for that subsidy**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>2009</th>
<th>2010</th>
<th>2011</th>
<th>2012</th>
<th>2013</th>
<th>2014</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Unit: million RMB</td>
<td>60</td>
<td>60</td>
<td>80</td>
<td>80</td>
<td>110</td>
<td>110</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

9. **Duration of the subsidy and/or any other time-limits attached to it**

2007 to the present.

10. **Statistical data permitting an assessment of the trade effects of a subsidy**

Not available.

**83 SUBSIDY FOR HOUSEHOLD ELECTRIC APPLIANCES TRADE-IN**

1. **Title of the subsidy programme**

Subsidy for household electric appliances trade-in.

2. **Period covered by the notification**

2009-2014

3. **Policy objective and/or purpose of the subsidy**

To boost and expand consumption demands, improve the efficiency of utilizing energies and resources, reduce environmental pollution, promote energy-saving, reduction of emission and the development of circular economy.
4. **Background and authority for the subsidy**

MOF, MOFCOM, NDRC, MIIT, Ministry of Environmental Protection (MEP), State Administration for Industry & Commerce (SAIC), General Administration of Quality Supervision, Inspection and Quarantine (AQSIQ).

5. **Legislation under which it is granted**

MOF Circular Cai Jian No. 298 of 2009;  
MOF Circular Cai Jian No. 498 of 2009;  
MOF Circular Cai Jian No. 53 of 2010.

6. **Form of the subsidy**

Financial appropriations.

7. **To whom and how the subsidy is provided**

1) Purchasers in the provinces where policies of trade-in old household electric appliances for new ones apply, who deliver or sell the old home electronic appliances to the bid-winning collection enterprises and buy new ones at the bid-winning enterprises are eligible for the subsidy;  
2) Enterprises collecting household electric appliances who purchase old ones from purchasers, deliver and sell them to the designated dismantling enterprises are eligible to be subsidized for the incurred transportation costs; and such enterprises are also eligible for the subsidy if they complete the dismantling of the old ones delivered and sold to them by purchasers.

8. **Subsidy per unit, or in cases where this is not possible, the total amount or the annual amount budgeted for that subsidy**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>2009</th>
<th>2010</th>
<th>2011</th>
<th>2012</th>
<th>2013</th>
<th>2014</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2,000</td>
<td>9,867.30</td>
<td>18,545.87</td>
<td>Not Applicable</td>
<td>Not Applicable</td>
<td>Not Applicable</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

9. **Duration of the subsidy and/or any other time-limits attached to it**

1 June 2010 to 31 December 2011.

10. **Statistical data permitting an assessment of the trade effects of a subsidy**

Not available.

**84 SUBSIDY FOR THE SALES OF HOUSEHOLD ELECTRIC APPLIANCES IN RURAL AREAS**

1. **Title of the subsidy programme**

Subsidy for the sales of household electric appliances in rural areas.

2. **Period covered by the notification**

2009-2014

3. **Policy objective and/or purpose of the subsidy**

To expand consumption in rural areas, improve the quality of life of farmers, and promote the building of new socialist countryside.

4. **Background and authority for the subsidy**

MOF.
5. **Legislation under which it is granted**


6. **Form of the subsidy**

Financial appropriations.

7. **To whom and how the subsidy is provided**

Fund is directly provided to the farmers who purchase household electric appliances of subsidized types within specified time limit according to a certain proportion.

8. **Subsidy per unit, or in cases where this is not possible, the total amount or the annual amount budgeted for that subsidy**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>2009</th>
<th>2010</th>
<th>2011</th>
<th>2012</th>
<th>2013</th>
<th>2014</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Unit:</td>
<td>million RMB</td>
<td>million RMB</td>
<td>million RMB</td>
<td>million RMB</td>
<td>million RMB</td>
<td>million RMB</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>15,022.65</td>
<td>19,000.00</td>
<td>18,018.20</td>
<td>15,008.00</td>
<td>3,610.46</td>
<td>Not Applicable</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

9. **Duration of the subsidy and/or any other time-limits attached to it**

1 February 2009 to 31 January 2013.

10. **Statistical data permitting an assessment of the trade effects of a subsidy**

Not available.

### 85 SUBSIDY FOR THE SALES OF AUTOMOBILES AND MOTORCYCLES IN RURAL AREAS

1. **Title of the subsidy programme**

Subsidy for the sales of automobiles and motorcycles in rural areas.

2. **Period covered by the notification**

2009-2014

3. **Policy objective and/or purpose of the subsidy**

To accelerate the upgrading of consumption in rural areas, and improve the production and living conditions of farmers.

4. **Background and authority for the subsidy**

MOF, NDRC, MIIT, The Ministry of Public Security (MPS), MOFCOM, SAIC, AQSIQ.

5. **Legislation under which it is granted**

MOF Circular Cai Jian No. 248 of 2009.

6. **Form of the subsidy**

Financial appropriations.

7. **To whom and how the subsidy is provided**

Fund is provided to the farmers who purchase or trade in the eligible automobiles or motorcycles that are sold in rural areas.
8. **Subsidy per unit, or in cases where this is not possible, the total amount or the annual amount budgeted for that subsidy**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>2009</th>
<th>2010</th>
<th>2011</th>
<th>2012</th>
<th>2013</th>
<th>2014</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Unit: million RMB</td>
<td>5,000</td>
<td>13,500</td>
<td>4,000</td>
<td>5,000</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>Not Applicable</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

9. **Duration of the subsidy and/or any other time-limits attached to it**

1) Policy of sales of automobiles in rural areas applied from 1 March 2009 to 31 December 2009;
2) Policy of sales of motorcycles in rural areas applied from 1 February 2009 to 31 January 2013.

10. **Statistical data permitting an assessment of the trade effects of a subsidy**

Not available.

**86 PREFERENTIAL TAX TREATMENT FOR ANTI-HIV-AIDS MEDICINE**

1. **Title of the subsidy programme**

Preferential tax treatment for anti-HIV-AIDS medicine.

2. **Period covered by the notification**

2009-2014

3. **Policy objective and/or purpose of the subsidy**

To push forward the prevention and cure of HIV-AIDS.

4. **Background and authority for the subsidy**

MOF, SAT.

5. **Legislation under which it is granted**

MOF Circular Cai Guan Shui No.26 of 2011;
MOF Circular Cai Shui No.128 of 2011.

6. **Form of the subsidy**

Preferential tax treatment.

7. **To whom and how the subsidy is provided**

1) Tariff, import VAT and VAT in the domestic circulation stages on the imported anti-HIV-AIDS medicine shall be exempted.
2) VAT in the production and circulation stages on domestically produced anti-HIV-AIDS medicine by designated domestic producers shall be exempted.

8. **Subsidy per unit, or in cases where this is not possible, the total amount or the annual amount budgeted for that subsidy**

Not available.

9. **Duration of the subsidy and/or any other time-limits attached to it**

1 January 2011 to the end of 2015.
10. **Statistical data permitting an assessment of the trade effects of a subsidy**

Not available.